

SMALL GRANT PROGRAM APPLICATION *2015-2017*

Application Processing Information (to completed by the Small Grant Team Conta	
Application #:	
Date Received:	
Date Acted On:	
Recommended Deni	ed
SGT Contact Signature:	_

I.

		SGT (Signat	Contact ure:
I. GENERAL INFORMATION			
OWEB Funds Requested \$6,700.00 Round to nearest dollar		roject Cost \$ 9,	,110.00 nearest dollar
Name of Project (five words or fewer) Ramiro	s Russian Olive Rer	noval Project	
Project Location (if more than one, include local This project occurs at (check one): Middle Columbia Watershed(s)	Ation/landowner informate A single site Morrow County or counties	Mul T 4	tiple sites N, R 25E section 15 nship, Range, Section(s) (e.g., TIN, R5E, S12)
119.4002, 45.4932 Longitude, Latitude (e.g., -123.789, 45.613) (Required for federal/state reporting)		1707010109 Subbasin(s) – Plea previously 5 th Field	se note the 10-digit hydrological unit code, l HUC
River or Creek Name (if applicable)		River Mile (if appl	icable)
2. Does this application propose a grant for a or a conservation easement; or is OWEB curr Yes Grant # No If yes, explain			
II. CONTACT INFORMATION Applicant Org.:Morrow SWCD	Tax ID:93-0797719		I C
			:Janet Greenup
Mailing Address: PO Box 127 Heppner, Phone: 541-676-5452	Email:swcdmanage	Zip: 97	
Thone. 341 070 3432	Eman.sweamanage	a e centur yter	······
Landowner(s):Ramiro Villegas			
Landowner Address:	Τ=		Zip:
Phone: 541-656-5289	Email:		
Project Manager for the Grantee: Kevin Payne			
Project Manager Address: PO Box 127 He			Zip:97836
Phone: 541-676-5452	Email:kevin.payne	@or.nacdnet.i	net
Payee Org.: Morrow SWCD	Tax ID:93-0797719	Contact	::Janet Greenup
Payee Address: PO Box 127 Heppner, O		Zip: 97	<u> </u>
Phone: 541-676-5452	Email:swcdmanage		
	<u> </u>		
Technical Contact: Kevin Payne, Morrow SW	CD		

Phone: 541-6/6-5452	Email:kevin.payne@or.nacc	Inet.net		
III. PROJECT INFORMATIO	ON			
Priority Watershed Concern: the project will address—Check One Only:				
☐ Instream Process & Function	☐ Riparian Process & Function	☐ Urban Impact Reduction		
☐ Wetland Process & Function	☐ Road Impact Reduction	□ Upland Process & Function		
Fish Passage	☐ Water Quantity & Quality/ Irrigation	n Efficiency		
Small Grant Team Priority Proj Upland process and function.	ect Type(s) addressed by the project (se	ee application instructions):		
	th the local watershed assessment or act	-		
NoN/A—The watershed does	not yet have an assessment or action plan	1		
1-b. Is the project consistent wit ☐ Yes ☐ No	th the local Agricultural Water Quality	Management Area Plan?		
1-c. Is the project consistent wit plans, etc.)? Yes If yes, name the plan(s):	h any developed plan for the property (No	(e.g., local conservation or stewardship		

2. Describe the current watershed PROBLEM(s) you are seeking to address.

Russian olive (Elaeagnus angustifolia), a non-native invasive species, is taking over Ramiro's property near Boardman, Oregon. The invasive tree's tolerance to drought conditions, various soil types, salinity and shade make this non-native species difficult to control. With seeds that remain viable for up to three years and are readily dipersed in animal droppings, the Russian olive is able to spread quickly. Combine that with the ability to sprout from the root crown and send up root suckers as well. Russian olive can out compete native vegetation, interfere with natural plant succession and nutrient cycling, and tax water reserves (Colorado State Parks BMP's Weed Profile Russian olive, April 2005 page 2). Russian olives can reach 30 feet tall with 1 to 2 inch thorns and can use up to 80 to 120 gallons of water a day depending on location and environmental conditions. The trees create heavy shade that suppresses shorter plants requiring direct sunlight (Autumn olive and Russian olive, Ann F. Rhoads, and Timothy Block, University of Penn. 2011, page 2). Russian olive is a pioneer species that is very capable of becoming a climax species. Although Russian olive provide a plentiful source of edible fruits for birds, ecologists have found that bird species richness is actually higher in areas dominated by native vegetation (Russian olive Identification and Management, Colorado Dept. of Ag. 2008 page 1). The displacement of native plant species has undoubtedly negatively affected native wildlife species diversity as a whole.

3. Describe the <u>SOLUTION(s)</u> you are proposing to address the current problem(s). Attach a site map, color photo(s), and (if applicable) preliminary project drawings or designs

6 acres of Russian olive will be removed by hand and/or mechnically (314) and piled (384) per NRCS standards and specifications. Any cut stumps will be treated with Garlon 4 herbicide and any suckers that appear will be addressed chemically as well. Ramiro currently flood irrigates this pasture but will be moving to sprinkler application as part of the West Extension Irrigation Districts (WEID) Water Management and Conservation Plan (WMCP). This plan aims to eliminate a majority of delivery loss by converting open ditches to pipe, as well as emphasize conversion from flood to sprinkler irrigation. The WMCP on lateral 11, where this property is located, is expected to save 239 cfs (a 33% irrigation water savings using 2015 numbers). The removal of Russian olives will open the door for irrigation upgrades to be installed to effectively and efficiently deliver irrigation water.

	•		ge and paragraph).	
NRCS Field Office Technic Practice Code (314) brush m		Guide to Placing Large Wood Page # / Para	in Streams	
Oregon Road/Stream Cross Page # / Para		Forest Practices Tech Note #4 Page # / Para		
Nonpoint Source Pollution Page # / Para	Control Guidebook	Forest Practices Tech Note #5 Page # / Para		
Urban Subwatershed Restor		Tribal Natural Resource Plans relevant page or pages)		
		ndowner. What aspects of the		
Who will maintain?	What will be maintained?	How will it be maintained?	# of years # of times/year	
Landowner	Russian olive removal	Routine maintenance	as needed for 10 years	
b) Post-implementation mor grants (Year-Two Status Re		oints and visual inspection is <u>re</u>		
-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	onal aspects of the project will	i de momtorea	
post-implementation? (See a) Who will monitor?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Cite monitoring protocols	# of years # of times/year	
post-implementation? (See a	pplication instructions)		# of years	
post-implementation? (See a) Who will monitor?	pplication instructions) What will be monitored?	Cite monitoring protocols	# of years # of times/year	
who will monitor? Morrow SWCD 6. Who will be responsible	what will be monitored? Russian olive removal for writing the Year-Two S	Cite monitoring protocols NRCS standards & specs completion/yr2 reports Status Report?	# of years # of times/year	
who will monitor? Morrow SWCD 6. Who will be responsible in the Name: Kevin Payne	what will be monitored? Russian olive removal for writing the Year-Two Sorg.:	Cite monitoring protocols NRCS standards & specs completion/yr2 reports Status Report? Morrow SWCD	# of years # of times/year	
who will monitor? Morrow SWCD 6. Who will be responsible to the Name: Kevin Payne Mailing Address: PO Box 12	what will be monitored? Russian olive removal for writing the Year-Two Solution of the Period of t	Cite monitoring protocols NRCS standards & specs completion/yr2 reports Status Report? Morrow SWCD Zip: 97836	# of years # of times/year	
who will monitor? Morrow SWCD 6. Who will be responsible to the Name: Kevin Payne Mailing Address: PO Box 12' Phone: 541-676-5452	what will be monitored? Russian olive removal for writing the Year-Two S Org.: Heppner, OR Email: kevin.	Cite monitoring protocols NRCS standards & specs completion/yr2 reports Status Report? Morrow SWCD Zip: 97836 payne@or.nacdnet.net	# of years # of times/year as needed & once YR.2	
who will monitor? Morrow SWCD 6. Who will be responsible to the Name: Kevin Payne Mailing Address: PO Box 12' Phone: 541-676-5452 7. Have the required permi	what will be monitored? Russian olive removal for writing the Year-Two Solution of the present	Cite monitoring protocols NRCS standards & specs completion/yr2 reports Status Report? Morrow SWCD Zip: 97836 payne@or.nacdnet.net	# of years # of times/year	
who will monitor? Morrow SWCD 6. Who will be responsible to the Name: Kevin Payne Mailing Address: PO Box 12	Mhat will be monitored? Russian olive removal for writing the Year-Two S Org.: Heppner, OR Email: kevin. its been obtained for the praisued? (Attach copies)	Cite monitoring protocols NRCS standards & specs completion/yr2 reports Status Report? Morrow SWCD Zip: 97836 payne@or.nacdnet.net roject?	# of years # of times/year as needed & once YR.2	

9. Project Partners. Show all anticipated funding sources, and indicate the dollar value for cash or in-kind contributions. Be sure to provide a dollar value for each funding source. If the funding source is providing in-kind contributions, briefly describe the nature of the contribution in the Funding Source Column. In the Amount/Value Column, provide a total dollar amount or value for each funding source.

Funding Source	Cash	In-Kind	Amount/
Name the partner and contribution			Value
OWEB: Russian olive removal, grant admin. & reporting	X		6,700.00
Landowner: post removal treatment & land-use form		X	2,210.00
Morrow SWCD: Project management		X	200.00
Total Estimated Funds (add all amounts in the far right column)			\$9,110.00

The total should equal the total cost of the project on page 1

10. Project Budget (Word)—Itemize projected costs for each of the following "Expense Categories" that apply to your project. A minimum of 25% match—cost share—in-kind/cash is required. See application instructions and additional team conditions for further guidance.

PLEASE NOTE: Budgets may be submitted in either Word or Excel (form on website) formats. http://www.oregon.gov/OWEB/GRANTS/smgrant_forms.shtml

Fill in the amounts, rounded to the nearest dollar, please do not include cents.

Expense Category	No. of Units	Unit Cost	OWEB Funds	Cost Share In-Kind/ Cash(Match)	Descriptionwhat will be purchased or done and who will provide the item/perform the work	
SALARIES, WAGES AND BENEFITS. Refers to in-house staff/applicant employees for whom payroll taxes are paid. List position titles; include only costs of employees charged to this grant.						
Project Management	8	\$25.00	\$0	\$200.00	Morrow SWCD	
		\$0	\$0	\$0		
	SUI	BTOTAL (1)	\$0	\$200.00		
CONTRACTED SERVICES	S. Labor, su	pplies, materia	ls and travel to l	pe provided by no	on-staff for project implementation.	
Russian olive removal/AC	6	\$1,050.00	\$6,300.00	\$0	Contractor. Price includes chemical application @ \$150.00/AC	
Chemical/mechanical treatment of suckers	6	\$360.00	\$0	\$2,160.00	Post removal treatment of suckers/shoots by landowner Includes burning/removal of piles.	
		\$0	\$0	\$0		
		BTOTAL (2)	\$6,300.00	\$2,160.00		
MATERIALS AND SUPPLI project. Costs to OWEB must					e applicant, and are "used up" in the course of the	
		\$0	\$0	\$0		
		\$0	\$0	\$0		
		\$0	\$0	\$0		
		BTOTAL (3)	\$0	\$0		
TRAVEL. Mileage. For curre	nt rates go				linked.aspx#	
		\$0	\$0	\$0		
	CTIT	\$0	\$0	\$0		
OTHER I and are also stored		STOTAL (4)	\$0	\$0	:-1:	
OTHER. Land use signature of	costs, projec	\$50.00	sman equipments			
Land-use form	1			\$50.00	Through Morrow County planning	
		\$0	\$0	\$0		
	SUBTOTAL (5) \$0 \$50.00					
MODIFIED TOTAL DIRECT COST (MTDC) (Add Subtotals 1-5)				\$2,410.00		
GRANT ADMIN. Not to exceed 10% of Modified Total Direct Costs (MTDC). Compute by multiplying MTDC by 0.10 or less. See the current Budget Categories Definitions document at http://www.oregon.gov/OWEB/Pages/forms linked.aspx# for eligible costs.						
Grant Administration	10	% of MTDC	\$200.00	\$0		
POST-GRANT	POST-GRANT					
Year-Two Status Report			\$200.00	\$0	(Not to exceed \$200)	
Post-Project Plant Establishme		\$0	\$0	(Not to exceed \$1,000)		
	PROJEC	CT TOTALS	\$6,700.00	\$2,410.00	(Not to exceed \$10,000 in OWEB funds)	

We, the undersigned, attest that to the best of our knowledge the information contained in this application is true, that the proposed project is not required by a state or federal agency directive, and that the project will be completed within 24 months from the date of the team funding recommendation of the application. We understand that the submitted application is a matter of public record.

Also, should funding for this project be awarded we understand:

- 1) We may not incur any project expenses until all designated signatories have signed an OWEB grant agreement,
- 2) we will be required to provide proper accounting of project expenses, and
- 3) we will be required to provide necessary and normal maintenance to sustain the value of the project once it is completed.

By their signatures, the landowner(s) attest that they have no plans to sell their property as of the date of this application, are authorized to sign as landowner, and they agree to provide, upon prior request and at a mutually acceptable time, site access to the applicant or representatives of OWEB for a period up to two years following project completion to allow project work to be implemented, monitored, and maintained.

	ATTACHMENT CHECKLIST
	Project location map (Required)
Date	Color photographs of site (Required)
	Site drawings/diagrams (if applicable)
	☐ Juniper Checklist (if applicable)
Date	Cooperative agreement, if 2 or more landowners
	(Optional)
	May be submitted in lieu of ALL Landowner
Date	signatures on Application
	ALL Landowners must sign the Grant Agreement
	Racial and Ethnic Impact Statement (Required)
	Restoration Metrics form (Required)
	Other materials (as required by team)
	1
	OPTIONAL FORMS AT APPLICATION STAGE
	(Required at the time of payment request, see
	instructions)
	☐ Irrigation Efficiency
	Culvert/Stream Crossing
	Secured Match
	Land Use
	Date



Racial and Ethnic Impact Statement

This form is used for information purposes only and must be included with the grant application.

Chapter 600 of the 2013 Oregon Laws require applicants to include with each grant application a racial and ethnic impact statement. The statement provides information as to the disproportionate or unique impact the proposed policies or programs may have on minority persons 1 in the State of Oregon if the grant is awarded to a corporation or other legal entity other than natural persons.

1.		The proposed grant project policies or programs could have a disproportionate or unique positive impact on the following minority persons:
		Indicate all that apply:
		 Women Persons with Disabilities African-Americans Hispanics Asians or Pacific Islanders American Indians Alaskan Natives
2.		The proposed grant project policies or programs could have a disproportionate or unique negative impact on the following minority persons:
		Indicate all that apply:
		 Women Persons with Disabilities African-Americans Hispanics Asians or Pacific Islanders American Indians Alaskan Natives
3.	\boxtimes	The proposed grant project policies or programs will have no disproportionate or unique impact on minority persons.
hav	ing a	necked numbers 1 or 2 above, on a separate sheet of paper, provide the rationale for the existence of policies or programs disproportionate or unique impact on minority persons in this state. Further provide evidence of consultation with tative(s) of the affected minority persons.
		BY CERTIFY on this 28th day of April, 2017, the information contained on this form and any attachment is complete trate to the best of my knowledge.
		Signature:
		Printed Name: Kevin D. Payne
		Title:Natural Resource Technician

¹ "Minority persons" are defined in SB 463 (2013 Regular Session) as women, persons with disabilities (as defined in ORS

174.107), African-Americans, Hispanics, Asians or Pacific Islanders, American Indians and Alaskan Natives.

²⁰¹⁵⁻¹⁷ Small Grant Application JULY 2015



RESTORATION METRICS FORM

OWEB receives a portion of its funds from the federal government and is required to report how its grantees have used both federal and state funds. The information you provide in the following form will be used for federal and state reporting purposes.

Please complete all portions of the form below as they apply to your project and submit all pages (do not exclude any pages). Please provide specific values, do not enter values like "2-3" or "<100". Enter your best approximation of what the project will accomplish.

If you have any questions, please contact Cecilia Noyes, OWEB Federal Reporting Coordinator, at 503-986-0204 (<u>cecilia.noyes@state.or.us</u>) or Ginger Lofftus, OWEB PCSRF Reporting Assistant, at 503-986-5372 (ginger.lofftus@state.or.us)

Section 1 - Project Overview

Answer all five questions below, even if you have answered a similar question in a previous section in the grant application.

ו	Urban/Suburban/Exurban (A growth boundaries or rural re		Rural (Projects located outside urban growth boundaries or rural residential areas.)
uplan	ninant Watershed Setting: nd area with some erosion cont ld check only the Upland box b	rol extended to the riparian are	Example: Your project involves managing erosion in the a. Because most of the work is to occur in the upland area
	Estuary (where freshwater m of ocean tides.)	eets and mixes with saltwater	Riparian (adjacent to a water body, within the active floodplain.)
	T	1.1	Upland (above the floodplain.)
	Instream (below the ordinary	high-water mark or within	
	wetland (areas inundated or prevalence of vegetation typic	fish passage.) saturated by surface or ground ally adapted for life in saturate	Groundwater (Projects that recharge groundwater or primarily affect the subsurface water table.) water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a d soil conditions.
Total (do n Proje	Wetland (areas inundated or prevalence of vegetation typic l Acres Treated: _6 Tota not include upstream stream miliect Monitoring: All OWEB int monitoring. Please indicate int locations, 2) whether effective	fish passage.) saturated by surface or ground ally adapted for life in saturate Il Stream Miles Treated: es made accessible to fish with particular projects respectively to the location of the material projects of the ma	or primarily affect the subsurface water table.) water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a d soil conditions.
Total (do n Projo poin poin proj 4.1) 1	Wetland (areas inundated or prevalence of vegetation typical Acres Treated: _6 Total not include upstream stream milect Monitoring: All OWEB int monitoring. Please indicate int locations, 2) whether effective ject.	fish passage.) saturated by surface or ground ally adapted for life in saturate al Stream Miles Treated: es made accessible to fish with particular funded restoration projects respected below: 1) the location of the natural series of the management of the preness monitoring is planned, and	or primarily affect the subsurface water table.) water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a d soil conditions. passage improvements) quire post-implementation status reporting including phononitoring activities relative to the project, including photon

4.3) Will this project conduct monitoring activities beyond the required point monitoring ?	d post-implementation status reporting and photo
Yes No If you answer yes, select the monitoring activities	s below, if you answer no proceed to Section 2.
Check all proposed monitoring activities	
Adult Fish presence/absence/abundance/distribution survey(s)	☐ Spawning surveys
Juvenile Fish presence/absence/abundance/distribution survey(s)	Upland vegetation (Presence/Absence)
☐ Instream Habitat surveys	☐ Water quality
☐ Macroinvertebrates	☐ Water quantity
Noxious weed (Presence/Absence)	☐ Photo Points
Riparian vegetation (Presence/Absence)	Other (explain):
Section 2 - Project Activities Provide values for each Project Activity applicable to your application. Leave I	blank ann Proiost Astinita an mothic line that is not
appropriate to your application. All data entered in this form should be what you projects will be reported at the end of the project to the Oregon Watershed Rest you enter metrics, estimate the percentage of the total cost of the project (OWEI III. 9 of this application) that applies to the activity. The sum of all of the activall administrative, project management and other general project costs among to	ou plan to do with the project. Data about completed oration Inventory (OWRI). For each activity type where B and <u>all</u> other funding sources, shown in vity cost percentages should equal 100%. Please distribute
Example: A project will remove a fish passage barrier, place large boulders ins appropriate metrics into the Fish Passage, Instream Habitat, and Riparian Hab percentage of the total cost of the project for each activity. For instance: 20% to Habitat activities, and 55% towards Riparian Habitat activities.	itat activity sections of this form. Then, estimate the
Fish Screening Projects: Projects that result in the installation of from passing into areas that do not support fish survival, for example, into irreduced the survival of th	
Note: OWEB funds cannot be used for fish screening projects	
% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to fish scr	reening activities
New Fish Screens Installed	
# Estimate the number of <u>new</u> screens installed (do not count diversion	ns where existing screens are replaced)
cfs Estimate the cubic feet per second of flow influenced by <u>new</u> screen	n(s) installed (to nearest 0.01 cfs)
Existing Screens Replaced, repaired or modified	
# Estimate the number of <u>existing</u> screens replaced, repaired or modifi	ied
cfs Estimate the cubic feet per second of flow influenced by existing scr	

Fish Passage Improvement: Projects that improve fish migration by addressing a migration barrier problem.

Complete sections A-E as they apply to the proposed project. For projects that improve fish passage at road crossings complete both sections A (define the problem) and B (define the treatment). Non-road crossing improvements are reported in sections C and D. Section E should be completed for all fish passage improvement projects. Refer to the application instructions for additional information and examples.

A. Road Crossings – Define Existing Fish Passage Pro
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1. Culverts hindering fish passage	# crossings
2. Bridges hindering fish passage	# crossings
3. Fords hindering fish passage	# crossings

B. Road Crossings - Define the Fish Passage Improvements to be implemented by this project

1. Culverts installed/improved - Improvements include installing baffles inside culverts or installing/improving engineered bypasses (e.g. weirs) directly below a culvert outlet to improve passage.	# crossings	str. mi with improved access*
2. Bridges installed/improved - Improvements include installing/improving engineered bypasses (e.g. weirs) directly below a bridge crossing to improve passage.	# crossings	str. mi with improved access*
3. Fords installed/improved	# crossings	str. mi with improved access*
4. Road Crossings removed and not replaced	# crossings	str. mi with improved access*

C. Fish Passage Barriers - Other than Road Crossings

1. Type(s) of barriers to be treated/removed to improve fish	Diversion Dam
passage.	Push-up Dam
	Wood or Concrete Dam
	Weir (not associated with a road crossing)
	Logs
	Debris
	☐ Boulder/Rock Barrier (not weirs)
	Landslide
	Other (explain)
2# Estimate the total number of non-road crossing barriers (listed above) to be removed or altered to improve passage.	

D. Fish Ladders or Engineered Bypasses (not associated with Road Crossings)

1. Fish ladders will be installed/improved	# fish ladders to be installed/improved	
2. Engineered bypasses will be installed/improved. <i>This includes</i> weirs, rock boulder step pools, and chutes constructed/roughened in bed rock. Do not count engineered bypasses located at a road crossing to improve passage at the crossing. These types of improvements should be identified above in section B as a Road Crossing Fish Passage Improvement.	# engineered bypasses to be installed/improved	

E. Fish Passage Summary Metrics

- 1._____ % Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to fish passage improvements
- 2. ____ mi Estimate the total stream miles that will be made more accessible in the main channel and tributaries above the project (to nearest 0.01 mile). This metric summarizes the stream miles for all of the proposed passage improvements (defined above in Sections A-D). If a barrier exists upstream of the project, report the length made accessible up to that next upstream barrier.
- 3. ____# Estimate the total number of barriers (this includes road crossings, diversion dams, push up dams, wood or concrete dams, weirs, etc.) to be removed or altered to improve passage.

^{*}Estimate stream miles in the main channel and tributaries made more accessible above the crossing(s) (to nearest 0.01 mile). If a barrier exists upstream, report the length made accessible up to that next upstream barrier.

Instream Flow: *Projects that maintain and/or increase the instream flow of water.* Irrigation improvements that are primarily designed to improve water quality should be reported under Upland – Agriculture Management.

Check all proposed activities.

☐ Irrigation practice improved to increase instream flows (e.g. install diversion headgate, replace open ditches with pipes)	☐ Water flow gauges installed to measure water use		
☐ This project will dedicate instream flow.	Other (explain):		
% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to instream flow activities			
mi. Estimate the miles of stream where increased flow is the result of decreased/eliminated water withdrawals			
cfs Estimate the increase in flow of water in the stream as a result of conservation effort (cubic feet per second)			
mm/dd/yyyy Initial start date of irrigation practice improvement			
mm/dd/yyyy Final end date of irrigation practice improvement (if improvement is permanent enter 12/31/9999)			
mm/dd/yyyy Water lease/agreement initial start date of no withdrawal			
mm/dd/yyyy Water lease/agreement final end date of no withdrawal (if lease/agreement is permanent, enter 12/31/9999)			
Instream Habitat: Projects that are designed to improve instream habitat conditions. Check all proposed activities.			
Channel reconfiguration and connectivity (e.g., creating instream pools, meanders, improving floodplain connectivity, off-channel habitat, removal or alteration of levee or berm, removal of sediment)	☐ Spawning gravel placement		
Channel structure - large wood placement	Plant Removal/control (instream) List scientific names of plants		
Channel structure - boulder placement	☐ Carcass or nutrient placement: ☐ salmonid carcass; ☐ fish meal brick; ☐ other nutrient		
Channel structure placement (<u>other</u> than large wood or boulder placements), e.g., engineered structures or deflectors, barbs, weirs, etc.	Other (explain):		
Streambank stabilization through resloping and/or placing rocks, logs (e.g. revetments, gabions, barbs), or bioengineering on streambank			
% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project appl	ied to instream habitat activities		
mi. Estimate the miles of stream to be treated with instream			
 Estimate the percentage of insteam activity costs for caplacements as an instream activity, leave this value blar 	arcass or nutrient placements. If you do not select carcass/nutrient nk. Example: Your project will place salmon carcasses. You o instream habitat activities and one half of the instream		

Riparian Habitat: Projects above the ordinary high-water mark of the stream and within the floodplain of the stream. Check all proposed activities. Riparian planting Non-native/noxious plant control Riparian exclusion fencing Vegetation management (e.g. prescribed burnings, stand thinning, stand conversions, silviculture) Livestock exclusion by means other than fencing (includes Debris/structure removal (OWEB funds cannot be used placing obstacles to exclude livestock, people, vehicles, etc., for general trash removal) but not for individual plant protection) Water gap development (fenced livestock crossing or Other (explain): __ Do not report livestock water livestock bridge) developments here, report livestock water developments under upland habitat treatments. Conservation grazing management (e.g., rotation grazing) Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to riparian habitat activities _ ac. Estimate the acres of riparian habitat to be planted (to nearest 0.1 acres) _ ac. Estimate the acres of riparian habitat to be treated for non-native/noxious weeds (to nearest 0.1 acres) ac. Estimate the total riparian acres to be treated. (to nearest 0.1 acres) mi. Estimate the miles of riparian streambank to be treated (to nearest 0.01 mi). Stream sides treated \square one \square two (Do not double count miles if a second side is treated) **Upland Habitat:** Projects implemented above the floodplain. Check all proposed activities. Planting/seeding for erosion control (e.g., convert from Livestock Manure Management (e.g., feedlot crops to native vegetation, plant area where nonimprovements to reduce runoff, relocate/improve manure native/noxious weeds removed, grassed waterways, holding structures and manure piles to reduce/eliminate windbreaks, filter strips) drainage into streams) List scientific names of plants Slope stabilization (e.g., grade stabilization, landslide Livestock/Wildlife Water Developments reparation, terracing slopes) Non-native/noxious plant control; Upland Livestock Management (other than livestock water developments), e.g., grazing plans, fencing List scientific names of plants: ☐ Juniper removal/control Restore Historic Upland Habitats (e.g. oak woodland, oak savannah, upland prairie restoration) Vegetation Management (other than non-native/noxious Trail or Campground Improvements (to decrease upland erosion; these may extend into the riparian zone) plant control or juniper removal, e.g. tree thinning, brush control, burning) List scientific names of plants: Upland Agriculture Management – (e.g., no/low-till, wind Other (explain): breaks, filter strips, crop rotation, terracing, water and sediment control basins, grade stabilization and irrigation improvements) Erosion control structures not already reported under Upland Agriculture Management or Road Drainage System and Surface Improvements. 100 % Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project will apply to upland habitat activities Estimate the number of livestock/wildlife water developments 6 ac. Estimate the acres of upland habitat to be treated for non-native/noxious plants (to nearest 0.1 acres) ac. Estimate the total acres of upland habitat to be treated (do not include acres of upland habitat affected by livestock water developments (to nearest 0.1 acres) Estimate the percentage of upland activity costs applied to Livestock Manure Management. If you do not select Livestock Manure Management as an upland activity, leave this value blank. Example: Your project will relocate a feedlot to reduce livestock manure runoff. You estimated that 33% of the total project cost will apply to upland habitat activities and one half of the upland improvements costs will apply to the feedlot relocation, you would report 50%.

Road drainage system and surface improvements & reconstru	uction	Check all proposed activities. r (explain):		
Road closure, relocation, obliteration (decommissioning)				
<u> </u>				
% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project appl		es		
mi. Estimate the miles of road treated (to nearest 0.01 mile	2)			
Urban Impact Reduction: Check all of the urban impact related activities that will be used by this project:				
☐ Toxin reduction: list names of each toxic species, element or ☐ Bioswales		ales		
material: Pesticide reduction: list names of each pesticide:	☐ Detent	☐ Detention Facility		
Stormwater/wastewater modification or treatment (includes i	rain	urban impact reduction (explain):		
gardens				
theck all of the water quality limiting factors addressed by the Ur	ban Impact Reduct	ion activities selected above. Do not select lim		
actors addressed by other types of restoration activities:				
☐ Bacteria ☐ Pesticides		Nutrients		
☐ Dissolved Oxygen ☐ Toxics		Sediment		
☐ Heavy Metals ☐ High Temperature		Other (explain):		
☐ Non-native/noxious/invasive plant control				
Wetland Habitat: Projects designed to create or improve Wetland planting		heck all proposed activities. tland area created from an area not formerly a		
Non-native/noxious/invasive plant control	wetland Other (explain	in)·		
Wetland improvement/restoration of existing or historic				
wetland (other than vegetation planting or removal)				
% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project appl	ied to wetland habi	tat activities		
ac. Estimate the acres of wetland habitat to be treated for ne	on-native/noxious/	invasive plants (to nearest 0.1 acres)		
ac. Estimate the acres of artificial wetland created (to neare	est 0.1 acres)			
ac. Estimate the total acres of wetland habitat (existing or h	nistoric) treated (to	nearest 0.1 acres)		
Estuarine Habitat: Projects that result in improvement of				
	or increase in the a	vailability of estuarine habitat.		
heck all proposed activities.				
Check all proposed activities. Estuarine planting	☐ Non-native/no	oxious plant control		
 Check all proposed activities. ☐ Estuarine planting ☐ Channel modification/creation (e.g., improve intertidal) 	☐ Non-native/no☐ Creation of ne	exious plant control w estuarine habitat where one did not exist		
Check all proposed activities. Estuarine planting	☐ Non-native/no ☐ Creation of ne previously by	oxious plant control		
Check all proposed activities. Estuarine planting Channel modification/creation (e.g., improve intertidal flow to existing estuarine habitat) Dike or berm modification/removal Removal of existing fill material	Non-native/no Creation of ne previously by Estuarine culv Exclusion dev	w estuarine habitat where one did not exist methods other than tidegates or dikes ert modification / removal ices (commonly includes fencing, oring buoys, boardwalks/trails, etc. to keep		
Check all proposed activities. Estuarine planting Channel modification/creation (e.g., improve intertidal flow to existing estuarine habitat) Dike or berm modification/removal Removal of existing fill material	Non-native/no Creation of ne previously by Estuarine culv Exclusion devinstallation of mod	w estuarine habitat where one did not exist methods other than tidegates or dikes ert modification / removal ices (commonly includes fencing, pring buoys, boardwalks/trails, etc. to keep ay)		
Check all proposed activities. Estuarine planting Channel modification/creation (e.g., improve intertidal flow to existing estuarine habitat) Dike or berm modification/removal Removal of existing fill material Placement of fill material (for proper terrestrial function)	Non-native/no Creation of ne previously by Estuarine culv Exclusion dev installation of moc public/animals aw Other (explain	w estuarine habitat where one did not exist methods other than tidegates or dikes ert modification / removal ices (commonly includes fencing, oring buoys, boardwalks/trails, etc. to keep ay)		
Check all proposed activities. Estuarine planting Channel modification/creation (e.g., improve intertidal flow to existing estuarine habitat) Dike or berm modification/removal Removal of existing fill material Placement of fill material (for proper terrestrial function)	Non-native/no Creation of ne previously by Estuarine culv Exclusion dev installation of mor public/animals aw Other (explain	exious plant control w estuarine habitat where one did not exist methods other than tidegates or dikes ert modification / removal ices (commonly includes fencing, oring buoys, boardwalks/trails, etc. to keep ay) a): bitat activities		

<u>Section 3 - Salmon/Steelhead Populations Targeted and Expected Benefits to Salmon/Steelhead</u>

The information provided will be used by OWEB to better meet federal and state reporting requirements. Completion of this section is required but will not be used to evaluate this application for funding.

This project is **NOT** specifically designed to benefit salmon or steelhead.

► If you check this box, STOP here.

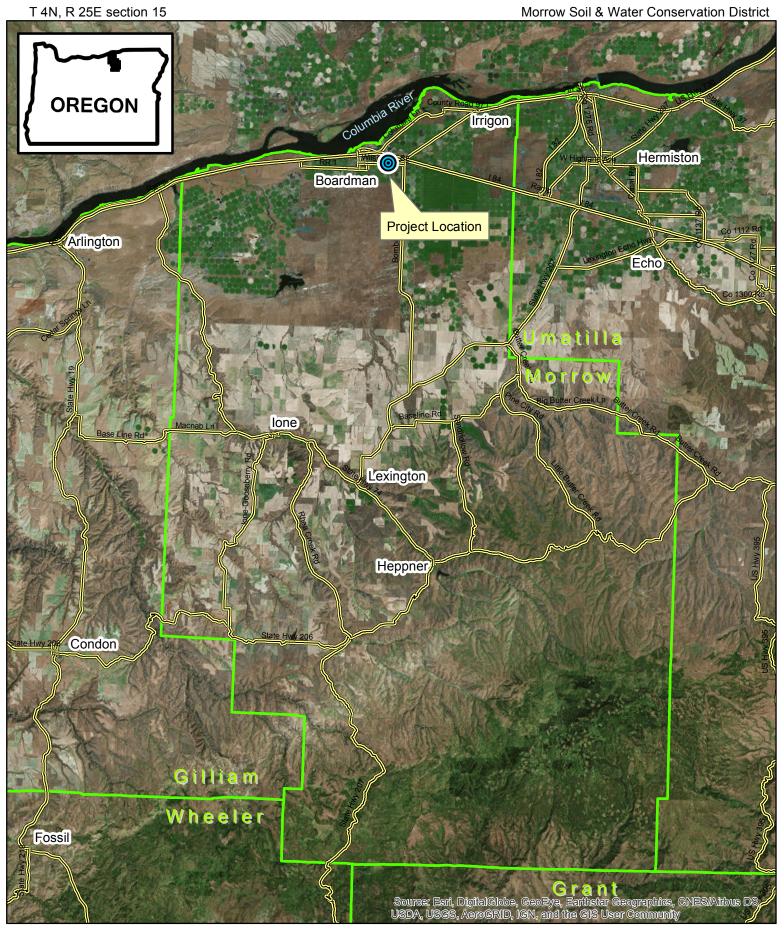
<u>Targeted Salmon/Steelhead Populations</u>: Select one or more of the salmon ESUs (Evolutionary Significant Unit) or steelhead DPSs (Distinct Population Segment) that the project will address/benefit. For species where the ESU/DPS name is not known or determined, use the species name with unidentified ESU (e.g., Chinook salmon – unidentified ESU). Additional information on the designation and location of the salmon/steelhead populations can be found at: http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/maps data/species population boundaries.html

Chino	ok Salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	Coho	Coho Salmon (O. kisutch)	
	Deschutes River summer/fall-run ESU	Lower Columbia River ESU		
	Lower Columbia River ESU		Oregon Coast ESU	
	Mid-Columbia River spring-run ESU		Southern Oregon/Northern California ESU	
	Oregon Coast ESU		unidentified ESU	
	Snake River Fall-run ESU	Steel	Steelhead (O. mykiss)	
	Snake River Spring/Summer-run ESU		Klamath Mountains Province DPS	
	Southern Oregon and Northern California Coastal ESU		Lower Columbia River DPS	
	Upper Klamath-Trinity Rivers ESU		Middle Columbia River DPS	
	Upper Willamette River ESU		Oregon Coast DPS	
	unidentified ESU		Snake River Basin DPS	
Chum	Salmon (O. keta)		Washington Coast DPS (SW Washington)	
	Columbia River ESU		Upper Willamette River DPS	
	Pacific Coast ESU		Steelhead/Trout unidentified DPS	
	unidentified ESU			

Expected Benefits:

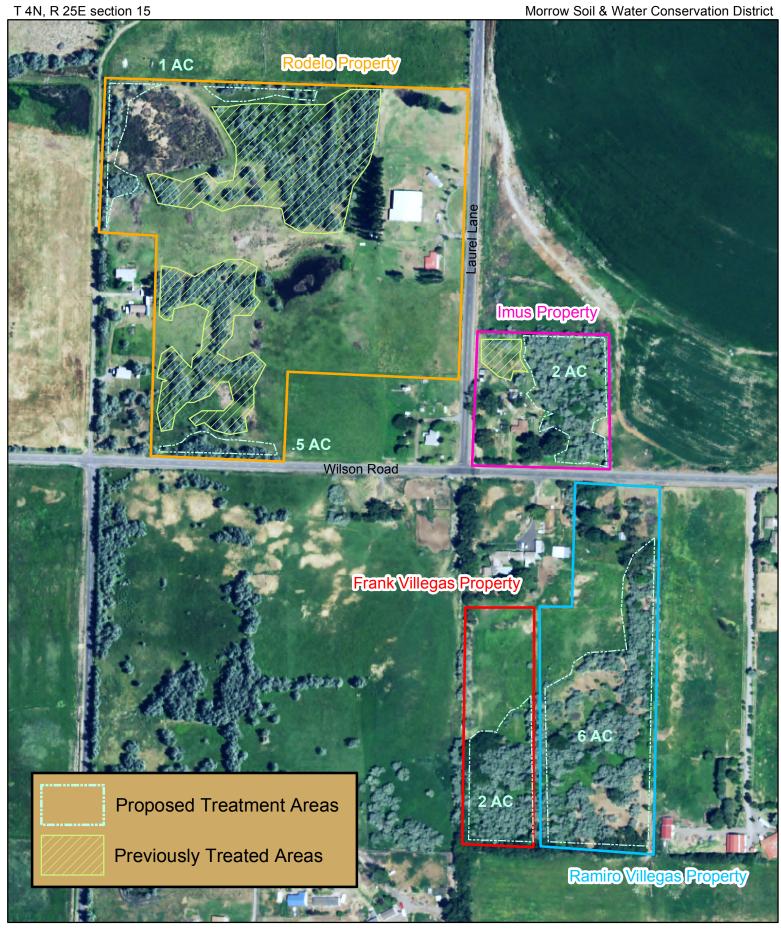
Write a brief description of the goals and purpose of the project and how it is expected to benefit salmon/steelhead or salmon/steelhead habitat. **See Application Instructions for helpful examples.**

Ramiro's Russian Olive Removal Location Map





Ramiro's Russian Olive Removal Project



170

340

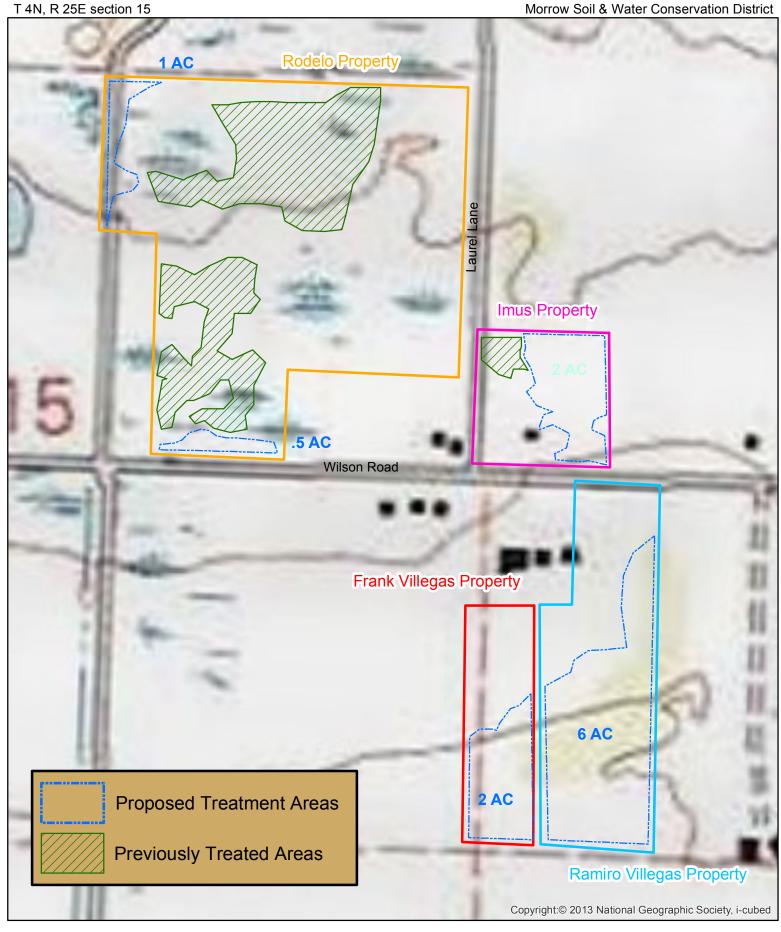
680

1,020



1,360

Ramiro's Russian Olive Removal Project



170

340

680

1,020



1,360

Ramiro's Russian Olive Removal Project Photos



Russian olive thicket on Ramiro Villegas's property.



Another view of Russian olive on the property.

Ramiro's Russian Olive Removal Project Photos



Thick patch of Russian olive.



Edge of Russian olive grove.