

Application Processing Information (to be completed by the Small Grant Team Contact):
Application #:
Date Received:
Date Acted On:
Recommended Denied
SGT Contact
Signature:

I.

	SGT Contact
	Signature:
General Information	
OWEB Funds Requested (round to nearest dollar) \$14,920	Total Project Cost \$ <u>71,820.00</u>
Name of Project (five words or fewer) Hanna-Arbuckle Watersho	ed Enhancement
Project Location (if more than one, include location/landowner in This project occurs at (check one): \underline{X} A single site	• •
Watershed: Willow Creek	Multiple sites
County or Counties: Morrow	
Township, Range, Section (e.g.T1N, R5E, S12): Please see at	tached maps
Latitude, Longitude (e.g. 44.9429, -123.0351: (45.341,-119.3	86)
Subbasin (10-digit hydrological unit code): 1707010401	
River or Creek Name (if applicable): Hinton Creek	River Mile (if applicable:
1. Have you previously submitted an application to OWEB, eith program, for this project, or one similar to it on the same property of yes, explain For grant 26-10-005 a spring was developed & 4 constalled (please see attached OWRI map).	erty? <u>X</u> Yes Grant # <u>26-10-005,</u> No
2. Does this application propose a grant for a property in which purchase of fee title or a conservation easement; or is OWEB cuthis property? Yes Grant # X No If yes, explain	

II. Contact Information

Applicant Org.: Contact: Kevin Payne

Mailing Address: PO Box 127 Heppner, OR

Phone: 541-676-5452

Landowner(s).: Mitch Ashbeck, Don Bennett, Don Barber

Landowner Address:

Phone:

Project Manager for the Grantee Org: Jared Huddleston Project Manager for the Grantee: Jared Huddleston Project Manager Address: PO Box 127 Heppner, OR

Phone: 541-676-5452x101

Payee Org.: Morrow SWCD Contact: Janet Greenup

Mailing Address: PO Box 127 Heppner, OR

Phone: 541-676-5452x109

Technical Contact: Jared Huddleston

Phone: 541-676-5452x101

Email:

jhuddleston.morrowswcd@gmail.com

Tax ID: 930797719

Zip: 97836

Email: kevin.payne@or.nacdnet.net

Zip: Email:

Zip: 97836

Email:

jhuddleston.morrowswcd@gmail.com

Tax ID: 930797719

Zip: 97836

Email: swcdmanager@or.nacdnet.net

III. Project Information

	•		
Pric	ority Watershed Concern: the	project will address — Check <i>One</i> Only	<i>.</i>
	Instream Process & Function	Riparian Process & Function	Urban Impact Reduction
	Wetland Process & Function	Private Road Impact Reduction	□ Upland Process & Function
	Fish Passage	☐ Water Quantity & Quality/ Irrigat	ion Efficiency
	all Grant Team Priority Project and Process and Function	t Type(s) addressed by the project (list	specific eligible project type):
1-a	. Is the project consistent with	the local watershed assessment or ac	tion plan?
	✓ Yes Name primary asse✓ No	essment/plan <u>Umatilla/Morrow Subbas</u>	sin Plan
	☐ N/A—The watershed does	not yet have an assessment or action	plan
1-b	. Is the project consistent with	the local Agricultural Water Quality N	Management Area Plan?
	⊠ Yes □ No		
1-с.	<u> </u>	any developed plan for the property	(e.g., local conservation or stewardship)?
	Yes ⋈ No If yes, name the plan(s):		
	ii yes, name the plants).	<u></u>	
2.	Describe the current watersh	ed PROBLEM(s) you are seeking to add	Iress.
	Mitch Ashbeck runs 200-300 she	ep from April 1 to December 1 (eastern pa	sture) and 120 cows for the month of

October (western pasture) annually. The Bennetts run cattle on adjacent properties (North of HWY 74), but there home place has recently come out of the CRP program and they are eager to run cows on this "brave new world" as they call it as part of their rotational grazing plan. The Barbers run 40 pair on the eastern pasture in the spring for 4-6 weeks depending on conditions and run 100 pair on the western side from October 1 to the middle of November annually. The available water in these pastures sits in the bottoms along Hinton Creek as well as water gaps accessing the creek itself. The uplands are underutilized and the landowners have issues with animals kegging up in the lower areas of the pastures. This has led to erosion problems, both wind and water, from heavy animal traffic and overgrazing of vegetation close to water sources. This also has created areas where weeds and annual grasses have gained a foothold. Water developments in the upper elevations of the fields would greatly increase range productivity through alleviating pressure on the over-utilized low land vegetation and getting animals to use the untapped areas of the field with available forage. Dependable sources of upland livestock water will dramatically increase overall range health by creating a more homogenous landscape with regards to available forage. This water would undoubtedly attract livestock to the upper reaches of the range, increasing overall plant health and vigor. Not to mention helping to reduce chemical inputs from the livestock (bacteria, nitrates, organic materials, etc). Fecal and urine contamination decrease water quality and can also spread disease. Nutrient loading can also create conditions suitable for harmful algae blooms.

3. Describe the SOLUTION(s) you are proposing to address the current problem(s). Attach a site map, color photo(s), and (if applicable) preliminary project drawings or designs.

8 off-stream livestock watering locations will be developed by delivering water from existing wells to 600 gallon aluminum troughs through 20,600 ft. of 2" PVC pipe. ODFW is providing 6 troughs (2 per/landowner) as part of their Mule Deer Initiative. All practices will be installed to NRCS standards and specifications.

4. Insurance Information If applicable, select all the activities that are part of your submit the DAS Risk Assessment Tool for items 1-5:	project (check all that apply). You will be required to
$\hfill \square$ 1. Working with hazardous materials (not including n such as hydraulic fluid)	naterials used in the normal operation of equipment
2. Earth moving work around the footprint of a well	
3. Aerial application of chemicals	
4. Transporting individuals on the water	
5. Removal or alteration of structures that hold back tidegates and other water control devices (this does not water for irrigation)	water on land or instream including dams, levees, dikes, include temporary diversion dams used solely to divert
6. Applicant's staff or volunteers are working with kid required, additional insurance is required)	ds related to the project (DAS Risk assessment tool not
7. Applicant's staff are applying herbicides or pesticion insurance <i>is</i> required	les (DAS Risk assessment tool not required, additional
OWEB considers these projects to carry a greater risk to and the community. If boxes 1-5 are checked above, the https://www.oregon.gov/das/Risk/Pages/CntrctrInsReq.asgregarding the insurance policy and requirements can be Policies document available on the OWEB website. 5. Technical Guidance Source (check at least one and in	applicant must submit the DAS Risk Assessment, ox, with this application. Additional information found in the OWEB's Budget Categories: Definitions &
NRCS Field Office Technical Guide	
Practice Code Trough (614), Pipeline (516)	☐ Guide to Placing Large Wood in Streams Page # / Para
Oregon Road/Stream Crossing Restoration	Forest Practices Tech Note #4
Guide	Page # / Para
Page # / Para Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Guidebook	Forest Practices Tech Note #5 Page # / Para
Page # / Para	Tribal Natural Resource Plans and Water Plans
Urban Subwatershed Restoration Manual Page # / Para	(attach the relevant page or pages)
6. Maintenance and Post-Implementation Monitoring	
 a) Project maintenance is the responsibility of the land maintained? (See application instructions.) 	lowner. What aspects of the project will be
Who will maintain? Landowner	
What will be maintained? Pumps, Trough & Pipeline	
How will it be maintained? Routine Maintenance	
# of years, # of times/year As needed for 20 years	

b) Post-implementation monitoring including photo points and visual inspection is required for small

grants (Year-Two Status Report). What (if any) additional aspects of the project will be monitored

2019-2021 Small Grant Application JULY 2019

post-implementation? (See application instructions)

Who will monitor? Morrow SWCD
What will be monitored? Trough and Pipeline function
Site monitoring protocols? NRCS standards & specs. Completion/YR2 reports
of years, # of times/year As needed & once at YR2

7. Who will be responsible for writing the Year-Two Status Report?

Organization: Morrow SWCD	Name: Jared Huddlest	on
Mailing Address: PO Box 127 Heppner, OR	Zip: 97836	
Phone: 541-676-5452x101	Email: jhuddleston.mo	orrowswcd@gmail.com
8. Have the required permits been obtained for the projection of t		Not Required ■
9. Is this project required as a condition of a local, state, (e.g., a manure storage and management project requ	•	, or enforcement action
Yes <u>X</u> No		

10. Project Partners. Show all anticipated funding sources, and indicate the dollar value for cash or in-kind contributions. Be sure to provide a dollar value for each funding source. If the funding source is providing in-kind contributions, briefly describe the nature of the contribution in the Funding Source Column. In the Amount/Value Column, provide a total dollar amount or value for each funding source.

Funding Source	Cash	In-Kind	Amount/
Name the partner and contribution			Value
OWEB: 20,600 ft. of 2" PVC pipe, admin. & reporting	14,920.00		14,920.00
Landowner: Pipe install, work at wells/pumps, trough install		50,100.00	50,100.00
& County land-use form.			
Morrow SWCD: Project management		200.00	200.00
ODFW: 6 Troughs		6,600.00	6,600.00
Total Estimated Funds (add all amounts in the far right colum	n)		\$71,820.00

The total should equal the total cost of the project on page 1

11. Project Budget (Word). Itemize projected costs for each budget category that apply to your project. A minimum of 25% match is required. See application instructions and additional team conditions for further guidance.

PLEASE NOTE: Budgets may be submitted in either Word or Excel formats. Documents can be found on the OWEB Forms webpage.

Fill in the amounts, rounded to the nearest dollar; do not include cents.

Expense Category	No. of Units	Unit Cost	OWEB Funds	Match Funds (In-Kind/Cash)	Description what will be purchased and by whom/who will perform the work.
SALARIES, WAGES, AND B position titles; include only					ees for whom payroll taxes are paid. List
Morrow SWCD	8	\$25.00	\$0	\$200.00	Project Management
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
	SI	JBTOTAL (1)	\$0	\$200.00	
CONTRACTED SERVICES. L	abor, sup	plies, mater	ials and trave	I to be provide	d by non-staff for project implementation.
Aluminum Troughs	6	\$1,100.00	\$0	\$6,600.00	ODFW – 600 gallons
Aluminum Troughs	2	\$1,100.00	\$0	\$2,200.00	Landowners
2" PVC pipe	20,600	\$0.70	\$14,420.00	\$0	OWEB
Pipe Install.	20,600	\$1.50	\$0	\$30,900.00	Landowners will install.
Trough Install. / gallon	8	\$2.10	\$0	\$10,080.00	Landowners will install.
Work at Well/pump sites	3	\$2,290.00	\$0	\$6,870.00	Pursewell Pump Company
	SI	JBTOTAL (2)	\$14,420.00	\$56,650.00	
					d to the applicant, and are "used up" in plementation of this grant.
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
SUBTOTAL (3)		\$0	\$0		
TRAVEL. Mileage. For curr	ent rates	go to: <u>http:/</u>	/www.oregor	n.gov/OWEB/Pa	ages/forms linked.aspx#
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
	Sl	JBTOTAL (4)	\$0	\$0	
OTHER. Land use signatur	e costs, p	roject permi	t costs, small	equipment rep	air, commercial equipment rental.
Land-use Form		\$0	\$0	\$50.00	Through County Planning Dept.
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
	SI	JBTOTAL (5)	\$0	\$50.00	
MODIFIED TOTAL DIRECT COST (MTDC) (Add Subtotals 1-5)		\$14,420.00	\$56,900.00		
INDIRECT COSTS. Not to exceed 10% of Modified less. See the current Budget Categories Definitio http://www.oregon.gov/OWEB/Pages/forms_link		ions docume			
Indirect Costs		to exceed % of MTDC	\$300.00	\$0	
POST-GRANT					
Year-Two Status Report			\$200.00	\$0	(Not to exceed \$200)
Post-Project Plant Establis	hment		\$0	\$0	(Not to exceed \$1,000)
	PROJ	ECT TOTALS	\$14,920.00	\$56,900.00	(Not to exceed \$15,000 in OWEB funds)

We, the undersigned, attest that to the best of our knowledge the information contained in this application is true, that the proposed project is not required by a state or federal agency directive, and that the project will be completed within 24 months from the date of the team funding recommendation of the application. We understand that the submitted application is a matter of public record.

Also, should funding for this project be awarded we understand:

- 1) We may not incur any project expenses until all designated signatories have signed an OWEB grant agreement,
- 2) We will be required to provide proper accounting of project expenses, and
- 3) We will be required to provide necessary and normal maintenance to sustain the value of the project once it is completed.

By their signatures, the **landowner(s)** attest that they have no plans to sell their property as of the date of this application, are authorized to sign as landowner, and they agree to provide, upon prior request and at a mutually acceptable time, site access to the applicant or representatives of OWEB for a period up to two years following project completion to allow project work to be implemented, monitored, and maintained.

Applicant	Date
Landowner	Date
Fiscal Agent	Date
Add a share and Charal Pad	
Attachment Checklist	
Project location map (Required)	
□ Color photographs of site (Required)	
Cooperative agreement, if 2 or more landowners (Option signatures on Application ALL Landowners must sign the G	•
Racial and Ethnic Impact Statement (Required)	
Restoration Metrics form (Required)	
Other materials (as required by team)	
Optional Forms at time Application	
(Required at the time of Request for Release of Funds, see	e instructions)
☐ Irrigation Efficiency	
☐ Culvert/Stream Crossing	
☐ Secured Match	
☐ Land Use	



Racial and Ethnic Impact Statement

This form is used for information purposes only and must be included with the grant application.

Chapter 600 of the 2013 Oregon Laws require applicants to include with each grant application a racial and ethnic impact statement. The statement provides information as to the disproportionate or unique impact the proposed policies or programs may have on minority persons¹ in the State of Oregon if the grant is awarded to a corporation or other legal entity other than natural persons.

awa	arded to a corporation or other legal entity other than natural persons.
1.	The proposed grant project policies or programs could have a disproportionate or unique positive impact on the following minority persons:
	Indicate all that apply: Women Persons with Disabilities African-Americans Hispanics Asians or Pacific Islanders American Indians Alaskan Natives
2.	The proposed grant project policies or programs could have a disproportionate or unique negative impact on the following minority persons:
	Indicate all that apply: Women Persons with Disabilities African-Americans Hispanics Asians or Pacific Islanders American Indians Alaskan Natives
3.	The proposed grant project policies or programs will have no disproportionate or unique impact on minority persons.
poli pro I HE	ou checked numbers 1 or 2 above, on a separate sheet of paper, provide the rationale for the existence of icies or programs having a disproportionate or unique impact on minority persons in this state. Further vide evidence of consultation with representative(s) of the affected minority persons. EREBY CERTIFY on this 16 th day of September, 2019, the information contained on this form and any achment is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge.
	Signature Printed Name:Jared Huddleston Title:Natural Resource Technician

¹ "Minority persons" are defined in SB 463 (2013 Regular Session) as women, persons with disabilities (as defined in ORS 174.107), African-Americans, Hispanics, Asians or Pacific Islanders, American Indians and Alaskan Natives.



OWEB receives a portion of its funds from the federal government and is required to report how its grantees have used both federal and state funds. The information you provide in the following form will be used for federal and state reporting purposes.

Please complete all portions of the form below as they apply to your project and submit all pages (do not exclude any pages). Please provide specific values, do not enter values like "2-3" or "<100". Enter your best approximation of what the project will accomplish.

If you have any questions, please contact Ginger Lofftus, OWEB PCSRF Reporting Assistant, at 503-986-5372 (ginger.lofftus@state.or.us)

Section 1. Project Overview

Answer all five questions below, even if you have answered a similar question in a previous section in the grant

эp	plication.
l.	Land Use Setting: CHECK ONE BOX ONLY. Urban/Suburban/Exurban (Projects located within urban growth boundaries or rural residential areas) Rural (Projects located outside urban growth boundaries or rural residential areas.)
2.	Dominant Watershed Setting: CHECK ONE BOX ONLY. Example: Your project involves managing erosion in the upland area with some erosion control extended to the riparian area. Because most of the work is to occur in the upland area, you would check only the Upland box below.
	 Estuary (where freshwater meets and mixes with saltwater of ocean tides.) Riparian (adjacent to a water body, within the active floodplain.) Instream (below the ordinary high-water mark or within the active channel — includes fish passage.)
	 Upland (above the floodplain.) Groundwater (Projects that recharge groundwater or primarily affect the subsurface water table.) Wetland (areas inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.
3.	Total Acres Treated: 3,265 Total Stream Miles Treated: (do not include upstream stream miles made accessible to fish with passage improvements)
1.	Project Monitoring: All OWEB funded restoration projects require post-implementation status reporting including photo point monitoring. <i>Please indicate below:</i> 1) the location of the monitoring activities relative to the project, including photo point locations, 2) whether effectiveness monitoring is planned, and 3) whether additional monitoring will be conducted for this project.
	4.1) Identify the location for the planned monitoring activities relative to the restoration project location. Check as many boxes as apply.
	4.2) Effectiveness monitoring will be conducted for this project. Please note that effectiveness monitoring cannot be funded with OWEB Small Grant Funds.

-	/ill this project conduct monitoring activities be	yond the required post-implementation status
	porting and photo point monitoring?	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		nitoring activities below, if you answer no proceed to
Sec	ction 2.	
Check	all proposed monitoring activities	_
	dult Fish: presence/absence/abundance/	Water quality
	listribution survey(s)	Macroinvertebrates
= :	pawning surveys	Water quantity
	uvenile Fish: presence/absence/abundance/	Noxious weed (Presence/Absence)
_	listribution survey(s)	Photo Points
=	pland vegetation (Presence/Absence)	Riparian vegetation (Presence/Absence)
<u></u> In	nstream Habitat surveys	Other (explain):
Section 2	2. Project Activities	
		oplication. Leave blank any Project Activity or metric
		tered in this form should be what you plan to do with
		I at the end of the project to the Oregon Watershed you enter metrics, estimate the percentage of the
		es, shown in III. 9. of this application) that applies to
	. , ,	hould equal 100%. Please distribute all administrative,
project ma	nagement and other general project costs amon	g the various project activities when estimating
percentage	es.	
-		large boulders instream, and plant a riparian buffer.
	· · · ·	ge, Instream Habitat, and Riparian Habitat activity
	•	total cost of the project for each activity. For instance:
activities.	us Fish Passage activities, 25% towards instream	Habitat activities, and 55% towards Riparian Habitat
detivities.		
		tallation or improvement of screening systems that
prevent fis	sh from passing into areas that do not support fi	sh survival, for example, into irrigation diversion
	EB funds cannot be used for fish screening proj	
70	Estimate the percentage of total cost of the pro-	oject applied to fish screening activities
New Fish S	Screens Installed	
#	Estimate the number of new screens installed (d replaced)	o not count diversions where existing screens are
cfc		nenced by new screen(s) installed (to nearest 0.01 cfs)
	·	renced by new screen(s) installed (to fleatest 0.01 cis)
Existing Sc	creens Replaced, repaired or modified	
#	Estimate the number of existing screens replace	ed, repaired or modified
cfs	Estimate the cubic feet per second of flow influe	nced by existing screen(s) screens (to nearest 0.01 cfs)

Fish Passage Improvement: Projects that improve fish migration by addressing a migration barrier problem. Complete sections A-E as they apply to the proposed project. For projects that improve fish passage at road crossings complete both sections A (define the problem) and B (define the treatment). Non-road crossing improvements are reported in sections C and D. Section E should be completed for all fish passage improvement projects. Refer to the application instructions for additional information and examples.

A. Road Crossings – Define Existin	ng Fish Passage Problem
1. Culverts hindering fish passage	# crossings
2. Bridges hindering fish passage	# crossings
3. Fords hindering fish passage	# crossings
B. Road Crossings – Define the Fig	sh Passage Improvements to be implemented by this project
• • •	ovements include installing baffles inside culverts or installing/improving ectly below a culvert outlet to improve passage.
# crossings	str. mi with improved access*
2. Bridges installed/improved -Improdirectly below a bridge crossing to in	ovements include installing/improving engineered bypasses (e.g. weirs) approve passage.
# crossings	str. mi with improved access*
3. Fords installed/improved	
# crossings	str. mi with improved access*
4. Road Crossings removed and not	replaced
_	str. mi with improved access*
	channel and tributaries made more accessible above the crossing(s) exists upstream, report the length made accessible up to that next
C. Fish Passage Barriers – Other t	han Road Crossings
1. Type(s) of barriers to be treated/r	emoved to improve fish passage.
Diversion Dam	Logs
Push-up Dam	Debris
☐ Wood or Concrete Dam	☐ Boulder/Rock Barrier (not weirs)
☐ Weir (not associated with a ro	ad crossing) Landslide
Other (explain)	
2. # Estimate the total numbe improve passage.	r of non-road crossing barriers (listed above) to be removed or altered to

D. Fish Ladders or Engineered Bypasses (not associated with Road Crossings)				
1. Fish ladders will be installed/improved				
# fish ladders to be installed/improved				
2. Engineered bypasses will be installed/improved. This includes weirs, rock boulder step pools, and chutes constructed/roughened in bed rock. Do not count engineered bypasses located at a road crossing to improve passage at the crossing. These types of improvements should be identified above in section B as a Road Crossing Fish Passage Improvement.				
# engineered bypasses to be installed/improved				
E. Fish Passage Summary Metrics				
1 % Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to fish passage improvements				
2 mi Estimate the total stream miles that will be made more accessible in the main channel and tributaries above the project (to nearest 0.01 mile). This metric summarizes the stream miles for all of the proposed passage improvements (defined above in Sections A-D). If a barrier exists upstream of the project, report the length made accessible up to that next upstream barrier.				
3# Estimate the total number of barriers (this includes road crossings, diversion dams, push up dams, wood or concrete dams, weirs, etc.) to be removed or altered to improve passage.				
Instream Flow: Projects that maintain and/or increase the instream flow of water. Irrigation improvements that are primarily designed to improve water quality should be reported under Upland – Agriculture Management. Check all proposed activities.				
Irrigation practice improved to increase instream flows (e.g. install diversion headgate, replace open ditches with pipes)				
Water flow gauges installed to measure water use				
This project will dedicate instream flow.				
Other (explain):				
% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to instream flow activities				
mi. Estimate the miles of stream where increased flow is the result of decreased/eliminated water withdrawals				
cfs Estimate the increase in flow of water in the stream as a result of conservation effort (cubic feet per second)				
mm/dd/yyyy Initial start date of irrigation practice improvement				
mm/dd/yyyy Final end date of irrigation practice improvement (if improvement is permanent enter 12/31/9999)				
mm/dd/yyyy Water lease/agreement initial start date of no withdrawal				
mm/dd/yyyy Water lease/agreement final end date of no withdrawal (if lease/agreement is permanent, enter 12/31/9999)				

activities.	t. Projects that are designed to improve histream habitat conditions. Check an proposed				
	onfiguration and connectivity (e.g., creating instream pools, meanders, improving floodplain				
	, off-channel habitat, removal or alteration of levee or berm, removal of sediment)				
Spawning gr	avel placement				
Channel stru	icture - large wood placement				
Plant Remov	nt Removal/control (instream) List scientific names of plants				
Channel stru	nannel structure - boulder placement				
Carcass or n	ass or nutrient placement: \square salmonid carcass; \square fish meal brick; \square other nutrient				
	icture placement (other than large wood or boulder placements), e.g., engineered structures s, barbs, weirs, etc.				
Other (expla	in):				
	stabilization through resloping and/or placing rocks, logs (e.g. revetments, gabions, barbs), eering on streambank				
% Estima	ate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to instream habitat activities				
mi. Estim	ate the miles of stream to be treated with instream habitat treatments (to nearest 0.01 mile)				
not se Exam cost v	ate the percentage of insteam activity costs for carcass or nutrient placements. If you do elect carcass/nutrient placements as an instream activity, leave this value blank. *ple: Your project will place salmon carcasses. You estimated that 25% of the total project will apply to instream habitat activities and one half of the instream improvements costs pply to the carcass placement, you would report 50%.				
Riparian Habitat the stream. Check	: Projects above the ordinary high-water mark of the stream and within the floodplain of all proposed activities.				
_ · ·	noxious plant control				
=	lusion fencing				
_ ·	nanagement (e.g. prescribed burnings, stand thinning, stand conversions, silviculture)				
Livestock ex	clusion by means other than fencing (includes placing obstacles to exclude livestock, people, c., but not for individual plant protection)				
☐ Debris/struc	ture removal (OWEB funds cannot be used for general trash removal)				
☐ Water gap d	evelopment (fenced livestock crossing or livestock bridge)				
	in): DO NOT report livestock water developments here, report livestock water nts under upland habitat treatments.				
% Esti	mate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to riparian habitat activities				
ac. Esti	mate the acres of riparian habitat to be planted (to nearest 0.1 acres)				
ac. Esti acre	mate the acres of riparian habitat to be treated for non-native/noxious weeds (to nearest 0.1es)				
ac. Esti	mate the total riparian acres to be treated. (to nearest 0.1 acres)				
mi. Esti	mate the miles of riparian streambank to be treated (to nearest 0.01 mi).				
Stream sides treate	ed 1 2 (Do not double count miles if a second side is treated)				

Upland Habitat: Projects implemented above the floodplain. Check all proposed activities.				
Planting/seeding for erosion control (e.g., convert from crops to native vegetation, plant area where non-native/noxious weeds removed, grassed waterways, windbreaks, filter strips) List scientific names of plants				
Livestock Manure Management (e.g., feedlot improvements to reduce runoff, relocate/improve manure holding structures and manure piles to reduce/eliminate drainage into streams)				
Slope stabilization (e.g., grade stabilization, landslide reparation, terracing slopes)				
Upland Livestock Management (other than livestock water developments), e.g., grazing plans, fencing				
Non-native/noxious plant control List scientific names of plants:				
Restore Historic Upland Habitats (e.g. oak woodland, oak savannah, upland prairie restoration)				
Juniper removal/control				
Livestock/Wildlife Water Developments				
 Vegetation Management (other than non-native/noxious plant control or juniper removal, e.g. tree thinning, brush control, burning) List scientific names of plants: 				
Erosion control structures not already reported under Upland Agriculture Management or Road Drainage System and Surface Improvements.				
Upland Agriculture Management (e.g., no/low-till, wind breaks, filter strips, crop rotation, terracing, water and sediment control basins, grade stabilization and irrigation improvements)				
Other (explain):				
100 % Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project will apply to upland habitat activities				
<u>8</u> # Estimate the number of livestock/wildlife water developments				
ac. Estimate the acres of upland habitat to be treated for non-native/noxious plants (to nearest 0.1 acres)				
ac. Estimate the total acres of upland habitat to be treated (do not include acres of upland habitat affected by livestock water developments (to nearest 0.1 acres)				
Estimate the percentage of upland activity costs applied to Livestock Manure Management. If you do not select Livestock Manure Management as an upland activity, leave this value blank. Example: Project will relocate a feedlot to reduce livestock manure runoff. You estimated that 33% of the total project cost will apply to upland habitat activities and one half of the upland improvements costs will apply to the feedlot relocation, you would report 50%.				
Road Activities: Projects designed to improve road impacts to watersheds. Check all proposed activities.				
Road drainage system and surface improvements & reconstructionOther (explain):				
Road closure, relocation, obliteration (decommissioning)				
% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to road activities				
mi. Estimate the miles of road treated (to nearest 0.01 mile)				

Orban imp	ract Reduction. Check all of the	urban impact related ac	livities that will be used by this project.			
_	reduction: list names of each toxic	species, element or mat	erial:			
	Bioswales					
	Pesticide reduction: list names of each pesticide:					
=	ntion Facility					
	nwater/wastewater modification of	,	n gardens)			
	r urban impact reduction (explain):					
	the water quality limiting factors a not select limiting factors addressed	•	Impact Reduction activities selected ration activities.			
Bacte	ria Dissolve	d Oxygen	Heavy Metals			
Pestic	cides Toxics		High Temperature			
Nutrie	ents Sedimen	t				
Other	r (explain):					
% E	Estimate the percentage of total co	ost of the project applied	to urban impact activities			
Wetland H	labitat: Projects designed to crea	te or improve wetland ar	eas. Check all proposed activities.			
=	and planting	Non-native/noxious/i	•			
			nt/restoration of existing or historic			
an ar	rea not formerly a wetland	_	vegetation planting or removal)			
		Other (explain):				
%	Estimate the percentage of total	l cost of the project appli	ed to wetland habitat activities			
ac. r	 Estimate the acres of wetland had nearest 0.1 acres) 	abitat to be treated for no	on-native/noxious/invasive plants (to			
ac.	. Estimate the acres of artificial w	etland created (to neares	st 0.1 acres)			
ac.	. Estimate the total acres of wetla	and habitat (existing or hi	storic) treated (to nearest 0.1 acres)			
Estuarine H	Habitat: Projects that result in im	provement or increase in	the availability of estuarine habitat.			
Check all pro	oposed activities.					
Estuai	rine planting		on/creation (e.g., improve intertidal			
Non-n	native/noxious plant control	flow to existing es	,			
Dike o	or berm modification/removal		tuarine habitat where one did not exist			
_	rine culvert		hods other than tidegates or dikes			
	ification/removal		aterial (for proper terrestrial function)			
	oval of existing fill material	Other (explain):				
Exclus	sion devices					
%	Estimate the percentage of total	cost of the project applie	d to estuarine habitat activities			
ac.	. Estimate the acres of estuarine h acres)	abitat to be treated for n	on-native/noxious plants (to nearest 0.1			
ac.	. Estimate the total acres of estuar acres)	rine habitat (existing or h	istoric) to be treated (to nearest 0.1			

Section 3.

Salmon/Steelhead Populations Targeted and Expected Benefits to Salmon/Steelhead
The information provided will be used by OWEB better to meet federal and state reporting requirements.
Completion of this section is required but will not be used to evaluate this application for funding.

This project is **NOT** specifically designed to benefit salmon or steelhead.

► If you check this box, STOP here.

Targeted Salmon/Steelhead Populations: Select one or more of the salmon ESUs (Evolutionary Significant Unit) or steelhead DPSs (Distinct Population Segment) that the project will address/benefit. For species where the ESU/DPS name is not known or determined, use the species name with unidentified ESU (e.g., Chinook salmon – unidentified ESU). Additional information on the designation and location of the salmon/steelhead populations can be found at:

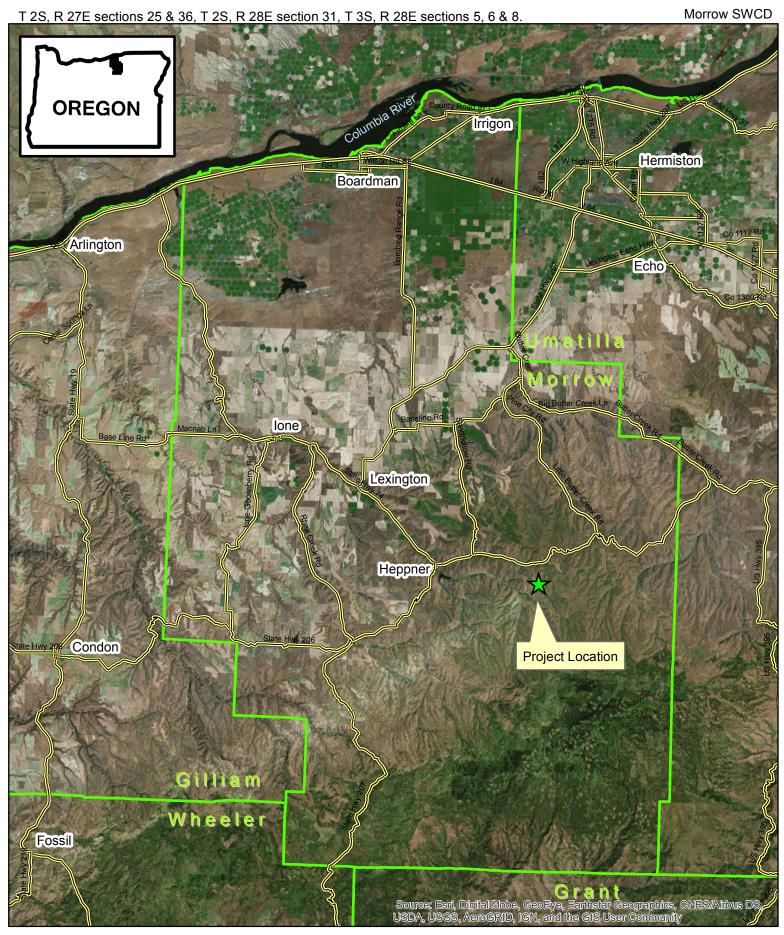
https://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/maps_data/species_population_boundaries.html

Coho Salmon (O. kisutch)				
Lower Columbia River ESU				
Oregon Coast ESU				
Southern Oregon/Northern California ESU				
unidentified ESU				
Steelhead (O. mykiss)				
Klamath Mountains Province DPS				
Snake River Spring/Summer-run ESU				
Lower Columbia River DPS				
Middle Columbia River DPS				
Oregon Coast DPS				
Snake River Basin DPS				
Washington Coast DPS (SW Washington)				
Upper Willamette River DPS				
Steelhead/Trout unidentified DPS				
Expected Benefits: Write a brief description of the goals and purpose of the project and how it is				

expected to benefit salmon/steelhead or salmon/steelhead habitat. See Application Instructions for

helpful examples.

Hanna-Arbuckle Watershed Enhancement





Hanna-Arbuckle Watershed Enhancement

T 2S, R 27E sections 25 & 36, T 2S, R 28E section 31, T 3S, R 28E sections 5, 6 & 8. Morrow SWCD **Existing Well Proposed Bennett Troughs** Proposed Ashbeck Troughs **Proposed Barber Troughs Bennett Property** Ashbeck Property **Barber Property Proposed Pipelines**

1,250

2,500

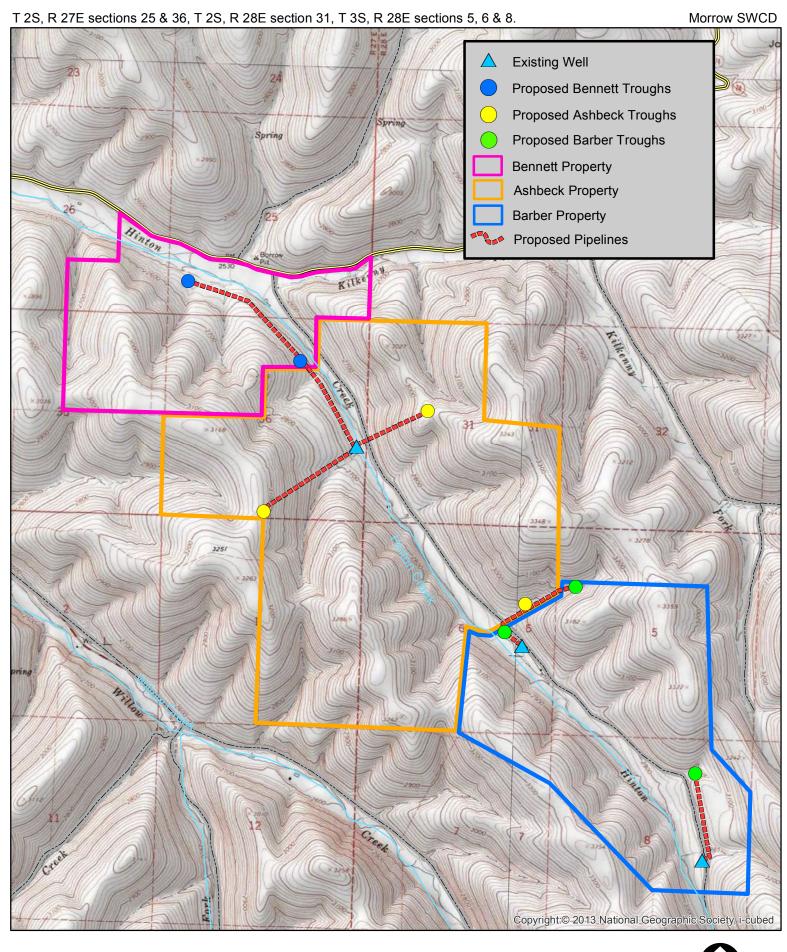
5,000

7,500



10,000

Hanna-Arbuckle Watershed Enhancement



1,250 2,500

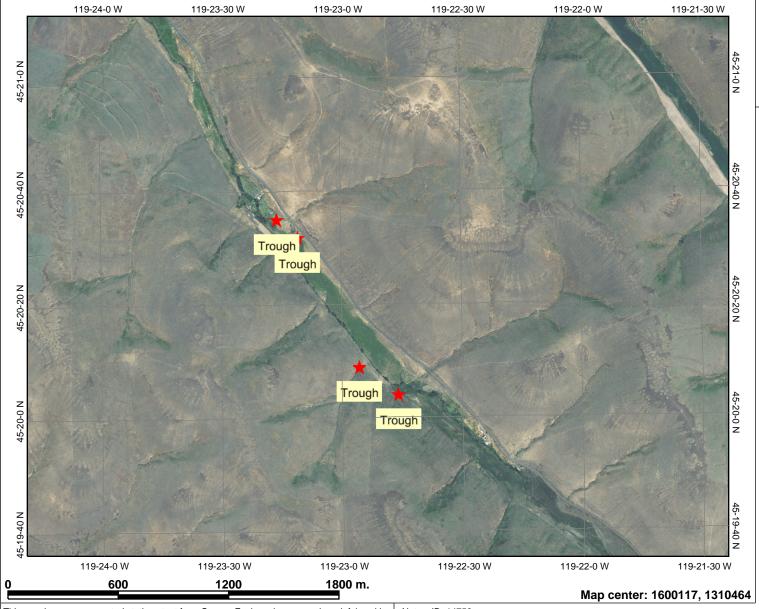
5,000

7,500



10,000

Hinton Creek Pasture Enhancement





Legend

- Major Cities
- Lakes and Reservoirs

Scale: 1:20,557

This map is a user generated static output from Oregon Explorer (oregonexplorer.info) and is for general reference only. Data layers that appear on this map may or may not be accurate, current, or otherwise reliable. THIS MAP IS NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION.

Notes: ID: 14758 Grant#26-10-005 Activity: Upland Treatment: Installed

Treatment: Installed off-stream water for livestock.