

Small Grant Program Application 2017-2019

Application Processing Info completed by the Small Grant	•
Application #:	
Date Received:	
Date Acted On:	
Recommended	Denied
SGT Contact	
Signature	

I. General Information

OWEB Funds Requested (round to nearest dollar) \$12,875.00

Total Project Cost \$ 17,305.00

Multiple sites

Name of Project (five words or fewer) Upper Wilson Creek Watershed Enhancement

Project Location (if more than one, include location/landowner information on each map)

This project occurs at (check one): \underline{x} A single site

Insert Watershed(s): Willow Creek

Insert County or Counties: Morrow

Insert Township, Range, Section(s): T 4S, R 28E section 20

Insert Longitude, Latitude: -119365, 45.206

Insert Subbasin(s): 1707010403 (Rhea Creek)

Insert River or Creek Name: Wilson Creek

Insert River Mile (if applicable)

Does this application propose a grant for a property in which OWEB previously invested funds for purchase of fee title or a conservation easement; or is OWEB currently considering an acquisition grant for this property?
 Yes Grant # _____ X No

If yes, explain _____

II. Contact Information

Applicant Org.: Morrow SWCD	Tax ID: 930797719	Contact: Kevin Pa	ayne
Mailing Address: PO Box 127 Heppner, ORZip: 97836			Zip: 97836
Phone: 541-676-5452	Email: kevin.payne@or.nacdnet.net		

Landowner(s): Al Osmin		
Landowner Address: 60355 Balm Fork Road	Heppner, OR	Zip: 97836
Phone: 541-676-9707	Email:	

Project Manager for the Grantee: Kevin Payne			
Project Manager Address: PO Box 127 Heppner, OR Zip: 97836			
Phone: 541-676-5452 x111 Email: kevin.payne@or.nacdnet.net			

Fiscal Agent Org.: Morrow SWCD	Tax ID: 930797719	Contact: Janet G	ireenup
Fiscal Agent Address: PO Box 127 Heppner, 0		Zip: 97836	
Phone: 541-676-5452 x109	Email: swcdmanager@centurytel.net		

Technical Contact: Kevin Payne

Phone: 541-676-5452 x111 Em

III. Project Information

Priority Watershed Concern: the project will address — Check One Only.

- ____ Instream Process & Function ____ Riparian Process & Function ____ Urban Impact Reduction
- ____ Wetland Process & Function ____ Road Impact Reduction <u>x</u> Upland Process & Function
- ____ Fish Passage ____ Water Quantity & Quality/ Irrigation Efficiency

Small Grant Team Priority Project Type(s) addressed by the project (list specific eligible project type):

Upland Process and Function.

1-a. Is the project consistent with the local watershed assessment or action plan?

<u>X</u> Yes Name primary assessment/plan <u>Umatilla/Morrow Subbasin Plan</u> No

_____N/A—The watershed does not yet have an assessment or action plan

1-b. Is the project consistent with the local Agricultural Water Quality Management Area Plan?

<u>x</u> Yes ____ No

1-c. Is the project consistent with any developed plan for the property (e.g., local conservation or stewardship)?

____ Yes <u>x</u> No If yes, name the plan(s): _____

2. Describe the current watershed PROBLEM(s) you are seeking to address.

Currently Al Osmin runs 30 pair on his property and the adjoining Pettyjohn place that he leases from mid-June though October 1 annually. The cattle are watered at several ponds through out the parcels (please see map). The fences along the boudary are dilapidated and lead to animals escaping continuously throughout the time spent on the summer ground. the cows tend to keg up down along Wilson Creek just west of the proposed project area. Al would love to keep them on his place. The unabaded access to the creek also allow for erosion problems, both wind and water, from heavy animal traffic and overgrazing of vegetation close to water sources. This also creates areas where weeds and annual grasses can gain a foothold. They are also prone to chemical inputs from the livestock (bacteria, nitrates, organic materials, etc). Fecal and urine contamination decrease water quality and can also spread disease. Nutrient loading can also create conditions suitable for harmful algae blooms.

3. Describe the SOLUTION(s) you are proposing to address the current problem(s). Attach a site

map, color photo(s), and (if applicable) preliminary project drawings or designs. <u>One spring will be developed and piped to a trough and 5,500 ft. of 3 strand barbed wire fence will be</u> <u>installed.</u> All practices will be built to NRCS standards and specifications. Al wants to use 3 strand as <u>opposed to 4, for it being more wildlife friendly.</u> Phase II would install another 8,000 ft. In the meantime Al <u>will repair that stretch as needed or run electric fence where feasible.</u> With a dependable source of <u>clean water in the lower section and a functioning cross-fence, Al will be able to employ a rotational</u> <u>grazing plan for the property.</u>

4. Insurance Information

If applicable, select all the activities that are part of your project (check all that apply). You will be required to submit the DAS Risk Assessment Tool for items 1-5:

1. Working with hazardous materials (not including materials used in the normal operation of equipment such as hydraulic fluid)

2. Earth moving work around the footprint of a well

3. Aerial application of chemicals

4. Transporting individuals on the water

5. Removal or alteration of structures that hold back water on land or instream including dams, levees, dikes, tidegates and other water control devices (this does not include temporary diversion dams used solely to divert water for irrigation)

6. Applicant's staff or volunteers are working with kids related to the project (DAS Risk assessment tool not required, additional insurance *is* required)

7. Applicant's staff are applying herbicides or pesticides (DAS Risk assessment tool not required, additional insurance *is* required

OWEB considers these projects to carry a greater risk to the organization, organization's employees, volunteers, and the community. If boxes 1-5 are checked above, the applicant must submit the DAS Risk Assessment, <u>http://www.oregon.gov/das/Risk/Pages/CntrctrInsReq.aspx</u>, with this application. Additional information regarding the insurance policy and requirements can be found here: <u>http://www.oregon.gov/OWEB/GRANTS/docs/insurance/Insurance-Requirements.pdf</u>.

5. Technical Guidance Source (check at least one and identify the Practice Code, or page and paragraph).

<u>x</u> NRCS Field Office Technical Guide Practice Code <u>Fence (382)</u>	Guide to Placing Large Wood in Streams Page # / Para
Oregon Road/Stream Crossing Restoration Guide Page # / Para	Forest Practices Tech Note #4 Page # / Para
Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Guidebook Page # / Para	Forest Practices Tech Note #5 Page # / Para
Urban Subwatershed Restoration Manual Page # / Para	Tribal Natural Resource Plans and Water Plans (attach the relevant page or pages)

6. Maintenance and Post-Implementation Monitoring

a) Project maintenance is the responsibility of the landowner. What aspects of the project will be maintained? (See application instructions.)

Who will maintain?	What will be maintained?	How will it be maintained?	# of years # of times/year
Landowner	Fence	Routine Maintenance	as needed for 15 years

b) Post-implementation monitoring including photo points and visual inspection is required for small grants (Year-Two Status Report). What (if any) additional aspects of the project will be monitored post-implementation? (See application instructions)

Who will monitor?	What will be monitored?	Cite monitoring protocols	# of years # of times/year
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Morrow SWCD Fence function	NRCS standards & specs. Completion/YR2 reports	As needed & once at YR2
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7. Who will be responsible for writing the Year-Two Status Report?

Name: Kevin Payne	Org.: Morrow SWCD	
Mailing Address PO Box 127 Heppner, OR		Zip 97836
Phone: 541-676-5452 x111	Email: kevin.payne@or.nacdnet.net	

8. Have the required permits been obtained for the project? ____Yes ____No <u>x</u> Not Required If yes, what permits have been issued? (Attach copies) _____ If no, what permits must be obtained and by when? _____

9. Is this project required as a condition of a local, state, or federal permit, order, or enforcement action (e.g., a manure storage and management project required by ODA permit)?

____Yes <u>x</u> No

10. Project Partners. Show all anticipated funding sources, and indicate the dollar value for cash or in-kind contributions. Be sure to provide a dollar value for each funding source. If the funding source is providing in-kind contributions, briefly describe the nature of the contribution in the Funding Source Column. In the Amount/Value Column, provide a total dollar amount or value for each funding source.

Funding Source	Cash	In-Kind	Amount/
Name the partner and contribution			Value
OWEB: Fencing Materials, admin. & reporting.	12,875.00		12,875.00
Landowner: Spring Development and County Land-use			4,230.00
form			
Morrow SWCD: Project Management		200.00	200.00
Total Estimated Funds (add all amounts in the far right column)			

The total should equal the total cost of the project on page 1

11. Project Budget (Word). Itemize projected costs for each budget category that apply to your project. A minimum of 25% match is required. See application instructions and additional team conditions for further guidance.

PLEASE NOTE: Budgets may be submitted in either Word or Excel formats. Forms can be found here: <u>http://www.oregon.gov/OWEB/GRANTS/smgrant_forms.shtml</u>

Fill in the amounts, rounded to the nearest dollar; please do not include cents.

Expense Category	No. of Units	Unit Cost	OWEB Funds	Match Funds (In-Kind/Cash)	Description what will be purchased and by whom/who will perform the work.
SALARIES, WAGES, AND E position titles; include on					es for whom payroll taxes are paid. List
Morrow SWCD	8	\$25.00	\$0	\$200.00	Project Management
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
	SL	BTOTAL (1)	\$0	\$200.00	
CONTRACTED SERVICES.	Labor, supp	lies, materia	als and travel	to be provided	by non-staff for project implementation.
Fencing Materials	5,500	\$.95	\$5,225.00	\$0	
Fencing Installation	5,500	\$1.30	\$7,150.00	\$0	Contractor
Spring Development	1	\$0	\$0	\$1,600.00	
Trough	1	\$1,100.00	\$0	\$1,100.00	Landowner
Trough installation	1	\$1,260.00	\$0	\$1,260.00	Landowner
Pipe	100 ft.	\$.70	\$0	\$70.00	Landowner
Pipe Installation	100 ft.	\$1.50	\$0	\$150.00	Landowner
•	SL	BTOTAL (2)	\$12,375.00	\$4,180.00	
		WEB must b	e directly rela	ated to the imp	to the applicant, and are "used up" in elementation of this grant.
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
		BTOTAL (3)	\$0	\$0	
TRAVEL. Mileage. For cur	rent rates g				<u>ges/forms_linked.aspx#</u>
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
		BTOTAL (4)	\$0	\$0	
	re costs, pro				ir, commercial equipment rental.
Land-use Form		\$0	\$0	\$50	Through County Planning Dept.
		\$0	\$0	\$0	
	SL	BTOTAL (5)	\$0	\$50.00	
MODIFIED TOTA		DST (MTDC) ubtotals 1-5)	\$12,375.00	\$4,430.00	
INDIRECT COSTS. Not to less. See the current Bud http://www.oregon.gov/	get Catego	ries Definitio	ons document		Compute by multiplying MTDC by 0.10 or sts.
Indirect Costs		to exceed 6 of MTDC	\$300.00	\$0	
POST-GRANT					
Year-Two Status Report			\$200.00	\$0	(Not to exceed \$200)
Post-Project Plant Establishment		\$0	\$0	(Not to exceed \$1,000)	
PROJECT TOTALS			\$12,875.00	\$4,430.00	(Not to exceed \$15,000 in OWEB funds)

We, the undersigned, attest that to the best of our knowledge the information contained in this application is true, that the proposed project is not required by a state or federal agency directive, and that the project will be completed within 24 months from the date of the team funding recommendation of the application. We understand that the submitted application is a matter of public record.

Also, should funding for this project be awarded we understand:

1) We may not incur any project expenses until all designated signatories have signed an OWEB grant agreement,

2) We will be required to provide proper accounting of project expenses, and

3) We will be required to provide necessary and normal maintenance to sustain the value of the project once it is completed.

By their signatures, the **landowner(s)** attest that they have no plans to sell their property as of the date of this application, are authorized to sign as landowner, and they agree to provide, upon prior request and at a mutually acceptable time, site access to the applicant or representatives of OWEB for a period up to two years following project completion to allow project work to be implemented, monitored, and maintained.

		Attachment Checklist		
Applicant	Date	Project location map (Required)		
		Color photographs of site (Required)		
Landowner	Date	 Site drawings/diagrams (if applicable) 		
Landownei	Date	Juniper Checklist (if applicable)		
Fiscal Agent	Date	Cooperative agreement, if 2 or more landowners (Optional) May be submitted in lieu of ALL Landowner signatures on Application ALL Landowners must sign the Grant Agreement		
		Racial and Ethnic Impact Statement (Required)		
		Restoration Metrics form (Required)		
		Other materials (as required by team)		
		Optional Forms At Application Stage (Required at the time of Request for Release of Funds, see instructions)		
		Irrigation Efficiency		
		Culvert/Stream Crossing		
		Secured Match		
		Land Use		



Racial and Ethnic Impact Statement This form is used for information purposes only and must be included with the grant application.

Chapter 600 of the 2013 Oregon Laws require applicants to include with each grant application a racial and ethnic impact statement. The statement provides information as to the disproportionate or unique impact the proposed policies or programs may have on minority persons¹ in the State of Oregon if the grant is awarded to a corporation or other legal entity other than natural persons.

1.
The proposed grant project policies or programs could have a disproportionate or unique **positive** impact on the following minority persons:

Indicate	all	that	apply:

- Women
- Persons with Disabilities
- African-Americans
- Hispanics
- Asians or Pacific Islanders
- American Indians
- Alaskan Natives
- 2.
 The proposed grant project policies or programs could have a disproportionate or unique **negative** impact on the following minority persons:
 - Indicate all that apply: Women Persons with Disabilities African-Americans Hispanics Asians or Pacific Islanders American Indians Alaskan Natives
- 3.
 The proposed grant project policies or programs will have no disproportionate or unique impact on minority persons.

If you checked numbers 1 or 2 above, on a separate sheet of paper, provide the rationale for the existence of policies or programs having a disproportionate or unique impact on minority persons in this state. Further provide evidence of consultation with representative(s) of the affected minority persons. I HEREBY CERTIFY on this 4th day of May, 2018, the information contained on this form and any attachment is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

> Signature Printed Name: Kevin D. Payne Title: Natural Resource Specialist

¹ "Minority persons" are defined in SB 463 (2013 Regular Session) as women, persons with disabilities (as defined in ORS 174.107), African-Americans, Hispanics, Asians or Pacific Islanders, American Indians and Alaskan Natives.



Restoration Metrics Form

OWEB receives a portion of its funds from the federal government and is required to report how its grantees have used both federal and state funds. The information you provide in the following form will be used for federal and state reporting purposes.

Please complete all portions of the form below as they apply to your project and submit all pages (do not exclude any pages). Please provide specific values, do not enter values like "2-3" or "<100". Enter your best approximation of what the project will accomplish.

If you have any questions, please contact Cecilia Noves, OWEB Federal Reporting Coordinator, at 503-986-0204 (cecilia.noves@state.or.us) or Ginger Lofftus, OWEB PCSRF Reporting Assistant, at 503-986-5372 (ginger.lofftus@state.or.us)

Section 1. Project Overview

Answer all five questions below, even if you have answered a similar question in a previous section in the grant application.

1. Land Use Setting: CHECK ONE BOX ONLY.

Urban/Suburban/Exurban (Projects located within	Rural (Projects located outside urban growth
urban growth boundaries or rural residential	boundaries or rural residential areas.)
areas)	

2. Dominant Watershed Setting: CHECK ONE BOX ONLY. Example: Your project involves managing erosion in the upland area with some erosion control extended to the riparian area. Because most of the work is to occur in the upland area, you would check only the Upland box below.

Estuary (where freshwater meets and mixes with saltwater of ocean tides.)	Riparian (adjacent to a water body, within the active floodplain.)		
	Upland (above the floodplain.)		
Instream (below the ordinary high-water mark or within the active channel — includes fish passage.)	Groundwater (Projects that recharge groundwater or primarily affect the subsurface water table.)		
Wetland (areas inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.			

3. Total Acres Treated: 360

Total Stream Miles Treated:

(do not include upstream stream miles made accessible to fish with passage improvements)

- 4. Project Monitoring: All OWEB funded restoration projects require post-implementation status reporting including photo point monitoring. Please indicate below: 1) the location of the monitoring activities relative to the project, including photo point locations, 2) whether effectiveness monitoring is planned, and 3) whether additional monitoring will be conducted for this project.
 - **4.1)** Identify the location for the planned monitoring activities relative to the restoration project location. Check as many boxes as apply.

Onsite Downstream Dostream Dostream	🛛 Onsite	Downstream	Upstream	🗌 Upslope
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4.2) Effectiveness monitoring will be conducted for this project. Please note that effectiveness monitoring cannot be funded with OWEB Small Grant Funds. To review effectiveness monitoring and post-implementation status reporting definitions click on the link to the OWEB Web site below. http://www.oregon.gov/OWEB/MONITOR/effective_monitoring.shtml

4.3) Will this project conduct monitoring activities beyond the required post-implementation status reporting and photo point monitoring?

 \Box Yes \boxtimes No If you answer yes, select the monitoring activities below, if you answer no proceed to Section 2.

Check all proposed monitoring activities

Adult Fish presence/absence/abundance/distribution survey(s)	Spawning surveys
Juvenile Fish presence/absence/abundance/distribution survey(s)	Upland vegetation (Presence/Absence)
Instream Habitat surveys	Water quality
Macroinvertebrates	Water quantity
Noxious weed (Presence/Absence)	Photo Points
Riparian vegetation (Presence/Absence)	Other (explain):

Section 2. Project Activities

Provide values for each Project Activity applicable to your application. Leave blank any Project Activity or metric line that is not appropriate to your application. All data entered in this form should be what you plan to do with the project. Data about completed projects will be reported at the end of the project to the Oregon Watershed Restoration Inventory (OWRI). For each activity type where you enter metrics, estimate the percentage of the total cost of the project (OWEB and all other funding sources, shown in III. 9.of this application) that applies to the activity. The sum of all of the activity cost percentages should equal 100%. Please distribute all administrative, project management and other general project costs among the various project activities when estimating percentages.

Example: A project will remove a fish passage barrier, place large boulders instream, and plant a riparian buffer. You would enter the appropriate metrics into the Fish Passage, Instream Habitat, and Riparian Habitat activity sections of this form. Then, estimate the percentage of the total cost of the project for each activity. For instance: 20% towards Fish Passage activities, 25% towards Instream Habitat activities, and 55% towards Riparian Habitat activities.

Fish Screening Projects: Projects that result in the installation or improvement of screening systems that prevent fish from passing into areas that do not support fish survival, for example, into irrigation diversion channels.

Note: OWEB funds cannot be used for fish screening projects

<u>%</u> Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to fish screening activities

New Fish Screens Installed

_____# Estimate the number of **new** screens installed (do not count diversions where existing screens are replaced)

_____cfs Estimate the cubic feet per second of flow influenced by **new** screen(s) installed (to nearest 0.01 cfs)

Existing Screens Replaced, repaired or modified

_____# Estimate the number of existing screens replaced, repaired or modified

______cfs Estimate the cubic feet per second of flow influenced by **existing** screen(s) screens (to nearest 0.01 cfs)

Fish Passage Improvement: Projects that improve fish migration by addressing a migration barrier problem. Complete sections A-E as they apply to the proposed project. For projects that improve fish passage at road crossings complete both sections A (define the problem) and B (define the treatment). Non-road crossing improvements are reported in sections C and D. Section E should be completed for all fish passage improvement projects. Refer to the application instructions for additional information and examples.

A. Road Crossings - Define Existing Fish Passage Problem

1. Culverts hindering fish passage	# crossings	
2. Bridges hindering fish passage	# crossings	
3. Fords hindering fish passage	# crossings	

B. Road Crossings - Define the Fish Passage Improvements to be implemented by this project

1. Culverts installed/improved -Improvements include installing baffles inside culverts or installing/improving engineered bypasses (e.g. weirs) directly below a culvert outlet to improve passage.	# crossings	str. mi with improved access*
2. Bridge s installed/improved -Improvements include installing/improving engineered bypasses (e.g. weirs) directly below a bridge crossing to improve passage.	# crossings	str. mi with improved access*
3. Fords installed/improved	# crossings	str. mi with improved access*
4. Road Crossings removed and <u>not</u> replaced	# crossings	str. mi with improved access*

*Estimate stream miles in the main channel and tributaries made more accessible above the crossing(s) (to nearest 0.01 mile). If a barrier exists upstream, report the length made accessible up to that next upstream barrier.

C. Fish Passage Barriers - Other than Road Crossings

 Type(s) of barriers to be treated/removed to improve fish passage. 	 Diversion Dam Push-up Dam Wood or Concrete Dam
	 Weir (not associated with a road crossing) Logs Debris
	Boulder/Rock Barrier (not weirs)
	Landslide
	Other (explain)
2# Estimate the total number of non-road crossing barriers (listed a	above) to be removed or altered to improve

D. Fish Ladders or Engineered Bypasses (not associated with Road Crossings)

1. Fish ladders will be installed/improved	# fish ladders to be installed/improved
2. Engineered bypasses will be installed/improved. This includes weirs, rock boulder step pools, and chutes constructed/roughened in bed rock. Do not count engineered bypasses located at a road crossing to improve passage at the crossing. These types of improvements should be identified above in section B as a Road Crossing Fish Passage Improvement.	# engineered bypasses to be installed/improved

E. Fish Passage Summary Metrics

- 1.____% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to fish passage improvements
- 2. ____mi Estimate the total stream miles that will be made more accessible in the main channel and tributaries above the project (to nearest 0.01 mile). This metric summarizes the stream miles for all of the proposed passage improvements (defined above in Sections A-D). If a barrier exists upstream of the project, report the length made accessible up to that next upstream barrier.

3. ____# Estimate the total number of barriers (this includes road crossings, diversion dams, push up dams, wood or concrete dams, weirs, etc.) to be removed or altered to improve passage.

Instream Flow: Projects that maintain and/or increase the instream flow of water. Irrigation improvements that are primarily designed to improve water quality should be reported under Upland – Agriculture Management. Check all proposed activities.

Irrigation practice improved to increase instream flows (e.g. install diversion headgate, replace open ditches with pipes)	Water flow gauges installed to measure water use
This project will dedicate instream flow.	Other (explain):

_ % Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to instream flow activities

____ mi. Estimate the miles of stream where increased flow is the result of decreased/eliminated water withdrawals

_____ cfs Estimate the increase in flow of water in the stream as a result of conservation effort (cubic feet per second)

_____ mm/dd/yyyy Initial start date of irrigation practice improvement

_____ mm/dd/yyyy Final end date of irrigation practice improvement (if improvement is permanent enter 12/31/9999)

_____ mm/dd/yyyy Water lease/agreement initial start date of no withdrawal

	mm/dd/yyyy V	Vater lease/agree	ment final enc	l date of no w	vithdrawal (if	lease/agreeme	ent is perma	nent,
ente	r 12/31/9999)	0				0	·	

Instream Habitat: Projects that are designed to improve instream habitat conditions. Check all proposed activities.

Channel reconfiguration and connectivity (e.g., creating instream pools, meanders, improving floodplain connectivity, off-channel habitat, removal or alteration of levee or berm, removal of sediment)	Spawning gravel placement
Channel structure - large wood placement	Plant Removal/control (instream) List scientific names of plants
Channel structure - boulder placement	 Carcass or nutrient placement: salmonid carcass;
Channel structure placement (<u>other</u> than large wood or boulder placements), e.g., engineered structures or deflectors, barbs, weirs, etc.	Other (explain):
Streambank stabilization through resloping and/or placing rocks, logs (e.g. revetments, gabions, barbs), or bioengineering on streambank	

<u>%</u> Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to instream habitat activities

- mi. Estimate the miles of stream to be treated with instream habitat treatments (to nearest 0.01 mile)
- <u>Select carcass/nutrient placements as an instream activity, leave this value blank.</u> *Example: Your project will place salmon carcasses.* You estimated that 25% of the total project cost will apply to instream habitat activities and one half of the instream improvements costs will apply to the carcass placement, you would report 50%.

Riparian Habitat: Projects above the ordinary high-water mark of the stream and within the floodplain of the stream. **Check all proposed activities.**

Riparian planting	Non-native/noxious plant control	
Riparian exclusion fencing	Vegetation management (e.g. prescribed burnings, stand thinning, stand conversions, silviculture)	
Livestock exclusion by means other than fencing (includes placing obstacles to exclude livestock, people, vehicles, etc., but not for individual plant protection)	Debris/structure removal (OWEB funds cannot be used for general trash removal)	
Water gap development (fenced livestock crossing or livestock bridge)	Other (explain): Do not report livestock water developments here, report livestock water developments under upland habitat treatments.	

- ____% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to riparian habitat activities
- _____ ac. Estimate the acres of riparian habitat to be planted (to nearest 0.1 acres)
- ac. Estimate the acres of riparian habitat to be treated for non-native/noxious weeds (to nearest 0.1 acres)
- _____ ac. Estimate the total riparian acres to be treated. (to nearest 0.1 acres)
- ____ mi. Estimate the miles of riparian streambank to be treated (to nearest 0.01 mi).
- Stream sides treated 🗌 one 🗌 two (Do not double count miles if a second side is treated)

Upland Habitat: Projects implemented above the floodplain. Check all proposed activities.

 Planting/seeding for erosion control (e.g., convert from crops to native vegetation, plant area where non-native/noxious weeds removed, grassed waterways, windbreaks, filter strips) List scientific names of plants 	Livestock Manure Management (e.g., feedlot improvements to reduce runoff, relocate/improve manure holding structures and manure piles to reduce/eliminate drainage into streams)
Slope stabilization (e.g., grade stabilization, landslide reparation, terracing slopes)	Upland Livestock Management (<u>other</u> than livestock water developments), e.g., grazing plans, fencing
Non-native/noxious plant control; List scientific names of plants:	Restore Historic Upland Habitats (e.g. oak woodland, oak savannah, upland prairie restoration)
Juniper removal/control	Livestock/Wildlife Water Developments
Vegetation Management (<u>other</u> than non- native/noxious plant control or juniper removal, e.g. tree thinning, brush control, burning)	Erosion control structures not already reported under Upland Agriculture Management or Road Drainage System and Surface Improvements.
List scientific names of plants: Upland Agriculture Management (e.g., no/low- till, wind breaks, filter strips, crop rotation, terracing, water and sediment control basins, grade stabilization and irrigation improvements)	Other (explain):

100 % Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project will apply to upland habitat activities

- 1 # Estimate the number of livestock/wildlife water developments
 - ____ac. Estimate the acres of upland habitat to be treated for non-native/noxious plants (to nearest 0.1 acres)
- <u>360</u> ac. Estimate the total acres of upland habitat to be treated (do not include acres of upland habitat affected by livestock water developments (to nearest 0.1 acres)
- % Estimate the percentage of upland activity costs applied to Livestock Manure Management. If you do not select Livestock Manure Management as an upland activity, leave this value blank. Example: Project will relocate a feedlot to reduce livestock manure runoff. You estimated that 33% of the total project cost will apply to upland habitat activities and one half of the upland improvements costs will apply to the feedlot relocation, you would report 50%.

Road Activities: Projects designed to improve road impacts to watersheds. Check all proposed activities.

Road drainage system and surface improvements & reconstruction	Other (explain):
Road closure, relocation, obliteration	
(decommissioning)	

<u>%</u> Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to road activities

____ mi. Estimate the miles of road treated (to nearest 0.01 mile)

Urban Impact Reduction: Check all of the urban impact related activities that will be used by this project.

Toxin reduction: list names of each toxic species, element or material:	Bioswales
Pesticide reduction: list names of each pesticide:	Detention Facility
Stormwater/wastewater modification or treatment (includes rain gardens)	Other urban impact reduction (explain):

Check all of the water quality limiting factors addressed by the Urban Impact Reduction activities selected above. Do not select limiting factors addressed by other types of restoration activities.

🗌 Bacteria	Pesticides	Nutrients
Dissolved Oxygen		Sediment
Heavy Metals	High Temperature	Other (explain):

_____% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to urban impact activities

Wetland Habitat: Projects designed to create or improve wetland areas. Check all proposed activities.

Wetland planting	Artificial wetland area created from an area not formerly a wetland
Non-native/noxious/invasive plant control	Other (explain):
Wetland improvement/restoration of existing or historic wetland (other than vegetation planting or removal)	

____% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to wetland habitat activities

- ac.Estimate the acres of wetland habitat to be treated for non-native/noxious/invasive plants (to nearest 0.1 acres)
- _____ac.Estimate the acres of artificial wetland created (to nearest 0.1 acres)
- ac. Estimate the total acres of wetland habitat (existing or historic) treated (to nearest 0.1 acres)

Estuarine Habitat: Projects that result in improvement or increase in the availability of estuarine habitat. Check all proposed activities.

Estuarine planting	Non-native/noxious plant control
Channel modification/creation (e.g., improve intertidal flow to existing estuarine habitat)	Creation of new estuarine habitat where one did not exist previously by methods other than tidegates or dikes
Dike or berm modification/removal	Estuarine culvert modification/removal
Removal of existing fill material	Exclusion devices
Placement of fill material (for proper terrestrial function)	Other (explain):

_____% Estimate the percentage of total cost of the project applied to estuarine habitat activities

_____ac.Estimate the acres of estuarine habitat to be treated for non-native/noxious plants (to nearest 0.1 acres)

_____ac.Estimate the total acres of estuarine habitat (existing or historic) to be treated (to nearest 0.1 acres)

Section 3. Salmon/Steelhead Populations Targeted and Expected Benefits to Salmon/Steelhead

The information provided will be used by OWEB better to meet federal and state reporting requirements. Completion of this section is required but will not be used to evaluate this application for funding.

This project is NOT specifically designed to benefit salmon or steelhead. If you check this box, STOP here.

Targeted Salmon/Steelhead Populations: Select one or more of the salmon ESUs (Evolutionary Significant Unit) or steelhead DPSs (Distinct Population Segment) that the project will address/benefit. For species where the ESU/DPS name is not known or determined, use the species name with unidentified ESU (e.g., Chinook salmon – unidentified ESU). Additional information on the designation and location of the salmon/steelhead populations can be found at: http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/maps_data/species_population_boundaries.html

Chino	ook Salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	С	bho S	Salmon (O. kisutch)
	Deschutes River summer/fall-run ESU			Lower Columbia River ESU
	Lower Columbia River ESU			Oregon Coast ESU
	Mid-Columbia River spring-run ESU			Southern Oregon/Northern
				California ESU
	Oregon Coast ESU			unidentified ESU
	Snake River Fall-run ESU	Steelhead (O. mykiss)		ead (O. mykiss)
	Snake River Spring/Summer-run ESU			Klamath Mountains Province DPS
	Southern Oregon and Northern California			Lower Columbia River DPS
	Coastal ESU			
	Upper Klamath-Trinity Rivers ESU			Middle Columbia River DPS
	Upper Willamette River ESU			Oregon Coast DPS
	unidentified ESU			Snake River Basin DPS
Chum Salmon (O. keta)				Washington Coast DPS (SW
				Washington)
	Columbia River ESU			Upper Willamette River DPS
	Pacific Coast ESU			Steelhead/Trout unidentified DPS
	unidentified ESU			

Expected Benefits: Write a brief description of the goals and purpose of the project and how it is expected to benefit salmon/steelhead or salmon/steelhead habitat. See Application Instructions for helpful examples.

Upper Wilson Creek Watershed Enhancement Photos



Spring to be developed in lower field.



Trough site for spring development.

Upper Wilson Creek Watershed Enhancement Photos



Dilapidated cross-fence that would be replaced.



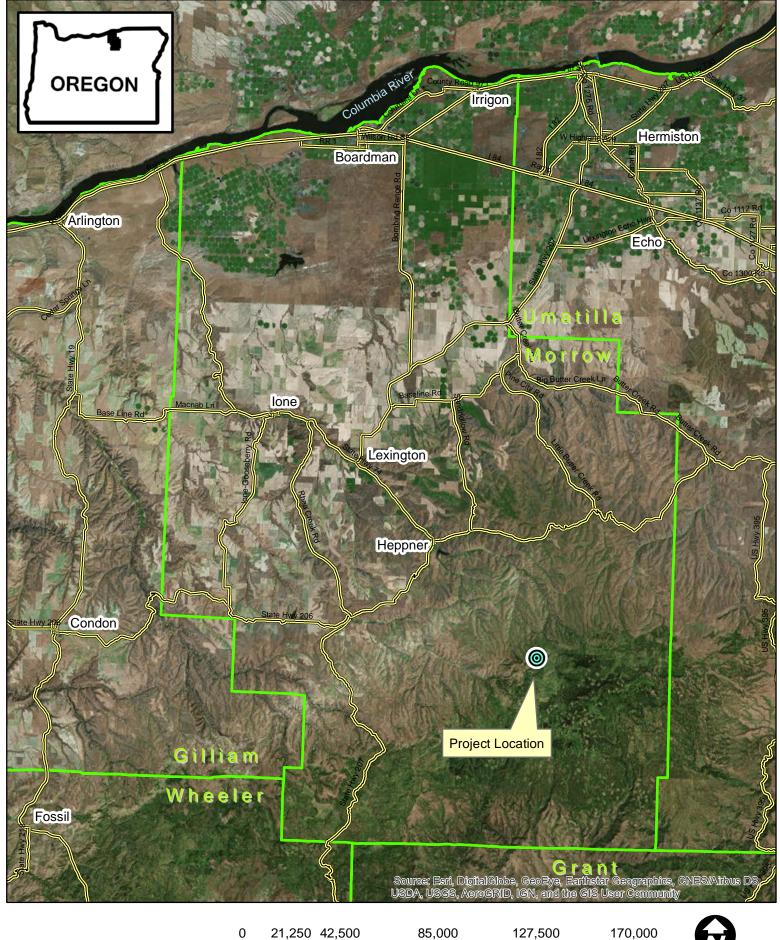
Another view of fencing to be replaced.

Upper Wilson Creek Watershed Enhancement

T 4S, R 28E section 20

Morrow Soil & Water Conservation District

Feet

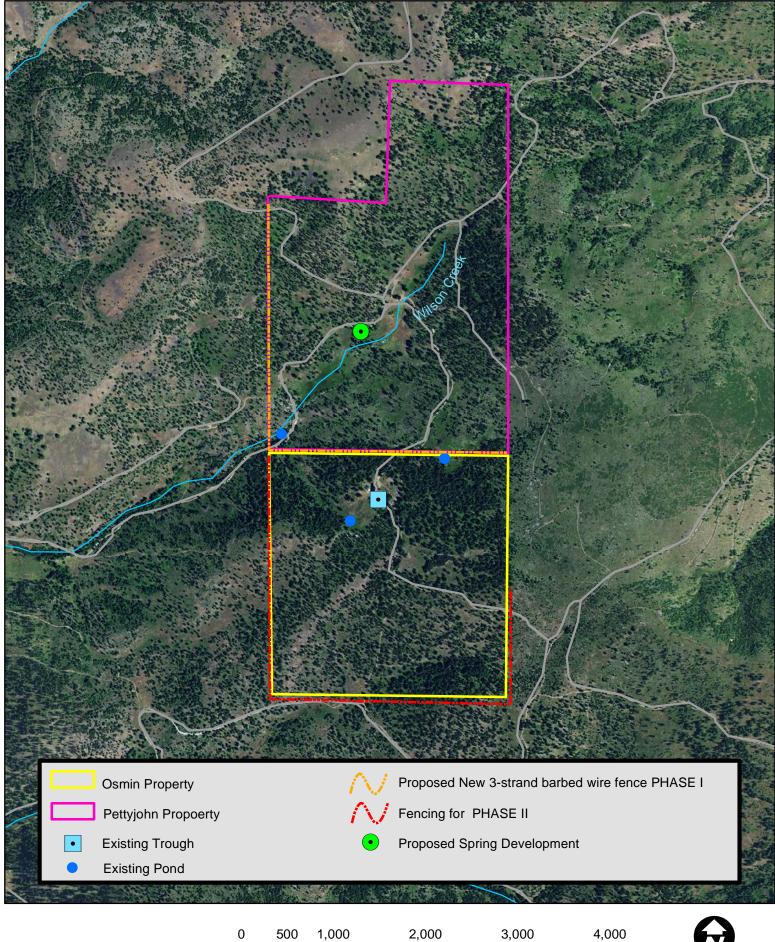


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Upper Wilson Creek Watershed Enhancement

T 4S, R 28E section 20

Feet



Upper Wilson Creek Watershed Enhancement

T 4S, R 28E section 20

Morrow SWCD

Feet

